



**CHOKSI LABORATORIES LIMITED**

Company Information
CIN : L85195MP1993PLC007471

COMPOSITION OF BOARD

Mr. Sunil Choksi	- Managing Director
Mrs. Stela Choksi	- Whole Time Director
Ms. Himika Choksi	- Whole Time Director
Mr. Vyangesh Choksi	- Whole Time Director
Mr. Sudarshan Shastri	- Independent Director
Mr. N.K. Mani	- Independent Director
Mr. Ratnesh Sadoriya	- Independent Director
Mr. Mayank Pandey	- Independent Director

CHIEFFINANCIAL OFFICER - Mr. Vyangesh Choksi

COMPANY SECRETARY & COMPLIANCE OFFICER - Mr. Sanjay Chourey

STATUTORY AUDITORS

Subhash Chand Jain Anurag &
Associates, Chartered Accountants

REGISTERED OFFICE

Survey No 9/1,
Near Tulsiyana Industrial Park,
Gram Kumerdi, Indore M.P. 452010
(Regd. Office till 30.07.2020 is 6/3,
Manoramaganj, Indore M.P.)

SHARE TRANSFER AGENT

Link Intime Private Limited
C 101, 247 Park, L.B.S.Marg,
Vikhroli (West), Mumbai - 400083.

BANKERS

State Bank of India
Union Bank
Bank of India

OUR BRANCHES / LABORATORIES

- SURVEY NO.9/1, NEAR
TULSIYANA INDUSTRIAL PARK,
KUMERDI, INDORE, 452010. MP.
- 32, VIBRANT BUSINESS PARK,
OPP. UPL, N.H-48 VAPI (GUJRAT)
- 829. GIDC MAKARPURA,
VADODARA -
390 010 (GUJRAT)
- PLOT NO. 362, INDUSTRIAL
AREA PHASE II, PANCHKULA
(HARYANA)
- PLOT NO. C-18 & 20 PHACE 1 - A,
VERNA INDUSTRIAL ESTATE
VERNA - 403722 (GOA)

Listed on
BSE

NOTICE OF 27th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**NOTICE**

Notice is hereby given that the 27th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the members of Choksi Laboratories Limited is scheduled to be held on Tuesday, 29th September, 2020 at 11:30 A.M. through Video Conferencing ("VC") or Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM"). At Regd. office of the company to transact the following business.

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended 31st March 2020, Audited Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2020 and the Statement of Profit and Loss for the Financial Year ended on that date together with the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon, and in this regard, pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

RESOLVED THAT "The Audited Financial Statement of the Company for the financial year ended March 31st, 2020 and the reports of the Board of Director and Auditors thereon laid before this meeting, be and are hereby considered and adopted"

2. To appoint a Director in place of Ms. Himika Choksi (DIN:00154926), who retires by rotation and being Eligible offer himself for re-appointment;

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Himika Choksi (DIN: 00154926), who retires by rotation at this meeting be and is hereby appointed as a Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation.

SPECIAL BUSINESS**3. REAPPOINTMENT OF WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR:**

To consider and if thought fit to pass with or without modification the following resolutions as Ordinary Resolution:-

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of sections 196, 197 and other applicable provisions if any, and in terms of schedule V of the Companies Act 2013 as amended up to the date for the reappointment of Shri Vyangesh Choksi, as Whole Time Director (DIN: 00154926) of the Company be and is hereby approved for a period of 5 (Five) years w. e .f. 01.09.2020 on the terms and conditions as set out in the explanatory statement and with liberty to the Board of Directors to sanction and/or vary the terms as they in their discretion deem fit in conformity with any amendments to relevant provisions of the Companies Act and/or the Rules and Regulations made in there under and/or such guidelines as may be announced by the Central Government from time to time."

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board be and is hereby authorized to take such steps as may be necessary for obtaining necessary approvals - statutory, contractual or otherwise, in relation to the above and to settle all matters arising out of and incidental thereto and to sign and execute deeds, applications, documents and writings that may be required, on behalf of the Company and generally to do all such other acts, deeds, matters and things as may be necessary, proper, expedient or incidental for giving effect to this Resolution."

FOR BY ORDER OF THE BOARD**CHOKSI LABORATORIES LIMITED**

PLACE: INDORE
DATE: 29th August 2020

SD/-
SANJAY CHOUREY
COMPANY SECRETARY & COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Notes:

1. The Explanatory Statement pursuant to section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 is annexed hereunder and forms part of the Notice.
2. In view of the continuing Covid-19 pandemic, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (“MCA”) has vide its circular no 20/2020 dated May 5, 2020 read with circular no 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020 and circular no 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 (collectively referred to as “MCA Circulars”) permitted the holding of the Annual General Meeting (“AGM”) through VC / OAVM, without the physical presence of the Members at a common venue. In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (“Act”), SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“SEBI Listing Regulations”) and MCA Circulars, the AGM of the Company is being held through Video Conferencing (VC)/Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM).
3. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (“MCA”) has taken a “Green Initiative in the Corporate Governance” by allowing paperless compliances by Companies and has issued a circular on April 21, 2011 stating that the service of document by a Company can be made through electronic mode. Electronic copy of the Annual Report for the FY 2019-20 is being sent to all the members whose email ID’s are registered with the Company/Depository Participants. Sending Physical copy of Annual report is dispensed with SEBI and MCA circular Members who have not yet registered their email addresses are requested to register the same with their DPs in case the shares are held by them in electronic form and with the Company/Link Intime Private Limited, the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent in case the shares are held by them in physical form.
4. Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, a Member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf and the proxy need not be a Member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars through VC / OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice.
5. Corporate Members who’s Authorised Representatives are intending to attend the Meeting through VC/OAVM are requested to send to the Company on their email Id: -compliance_officer@choksilab.com, a certified copy of the Board Resolution authorising their representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the Meeting and through Remote E-voting.
6. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013
7. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and the Circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote evoting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository System Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorised agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote evoting system as well as venue voting on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
8. The Register of Members, Beneficial Owner and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from Monday, 22 September, 2020 to Tuesday 29 September, 2020, both days inclusive for the purpose of payment of dividend, if declared at the Annual General Meeting.
9. In compliance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular dated May 12, 2020, Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2019-20 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/ Depositories. Members may note that the Annual Report 2019-20 will also be available on the Company’s website www.khaitanchemfert.com, websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com and on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility) <https://www.evoting.cdsl.com>
10. Members who hold shares in dematerialized form are requested to quote Depository Account Number (Client ID No.) for recording of attendance at the meeting.
11. Members are requested to notify to the Company immediately, quoting Registered Folio No., change in their address, if any, with the pin code number.
12. Members who are holding shares in identical names in more than one folios, are requested to write to the Company/Link Intime Pvt. Ltd., the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, to consolidate their holding in one folio.
13. Shareholders who are still holding physical share certificate are advised to dematerialize their shareholding to avail benefit of dematerialization.

14. Members desirous of obtaining any information concerning to the accounts and operations of the Company are requested to send their queries to the Company Secretary at least seven days before the date of the meeting so that the required information can be made available at the meeting.
15. The Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which the Directors are interested, maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, and the Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding, maintained under Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013, will be available for inspection by the members at the Annual General Meeting of the Company.
16. Since the AGM will be held through VC / OAVM, the Route Map is not annexed in this Notice.
17. The shareholders are hereby informed that all the correspondence in connection with the shares is addressed to the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent **M/S LINK INTIME PRIVATE LIMITED**, at C 101, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai -400083.
18. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in Securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are, therefore, requested to submit their PAN to their Depository Participant with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN to the Company/LINK IN TIME PRIVATE LIMITED.
19. Members holding shares in single name and physical form are advised to make nomination in respect of their shareholding in the Company.
20. To prevent fraudulent transactions, members are advised to exercise due diligence and notify the Company of any change in address or demise of any member as soon as possible. Members are also advised not to leave their demat account(s) dormant for long. Periodic statement of holdings should be obtained from the Concerned Depository Participant and holdings should be verified.
21. Members may also note that the Notice of the 27th Annual General Meeting and the Annual Report for 2019-20 will also be available on the Company's website at www.choksilab.com for download. The physical copies of the aforesaid documents will also be available at the Company's Registered Office for inspection during normal business hours (11.00A.M. to 5.00 P.M.) on all working days except Saturdays and Sundays, up to and including the date of the Annual General Meeting of the Company. Even after registering for e-communication, members are entitled to receive such communication in physical form, upon making a request for the same, by post free of cost. For any communication, the shareholders may also send requests to the Company's investor mailid: compliance_officer@choksi.com
22. **THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS VOTING ELECTRONICALLY FOR THE YEAR AS UNDER:**
 - (i) The voting period begins on <26th September 2020 at 09.00 am and ends on 28th September 2020 at 05.00 am.> During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of 18th September 2020 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
 - (ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
 - (iii) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
 - (iv) Click on "Shareholders" module.
 - (v) Now enter your User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DPID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
 - OR
 - Alternatively, if you are registered for CDSL's EASI/EASIEST e-services, you can log-in at <https://www.cdslindia.com> from Login - Myeasi using your login credentials. Once you successfully log-in to CDSL's EASI/EASIEST e-services, click on e-Voting option and proceed directly to cast your vote electronically
 - (vi) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
 - (vii) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.

(viii) If you are a first time user follow the steps given below:

	For Shareholders holding shares in Demat Form and Physical Form
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders) Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number which is printed on Postal Ballot / Attendance Slip indicated in the PAN field.
Dividend Bank Details OR Date of Birth (DOB)	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login. If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction (v).

- (ix) After entering these details appropriately, click on “SUBMIT” tab.
- (x) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach ‘Password Creation’ menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (xi) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (xii) Click on the EVSN for the relevant <Choksi Laboratories Limited> on which you choose to vote.
- (xiii) On the voting page, you will see “RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION” and against the same the option “YES/NO” for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xiv) Click on the “RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK” if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xv) After selecting the resolution you have decided to vote on, click on “SUBMIT”. A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on “OK”, else to change your vote, click on “CANCEL” and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xvi) Once you “CONFIRM” your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xvii) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on “Click here to print” option on the Voting page.
- (xviii) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xix) Shareholders can also cast their vote using CDSL’s mobile app “m-Voting”. The m-Voting app can be downloaded from respective Store. Please follow the instructions as prompted by the mobile app while Remote Voting on your mobile.

PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHO’S EMAIL ADDRESSES ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE DEPOSITORIES FOR OBTAINING LOGIN CREDENTIALS FOR E-VOTING FOR THE RESOLUTIONS PROPOSED IN THIS NOTICE:

- For Physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to **Company(compliance_officer@choksilab.com)/RTA (zoaib.mukadam@linkintime.co.in)**
- For Demat shareholders -, please provide Demat account details (CDSL-16 digit beneficiary ID or NSDL-16 digit DPID + CLID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to **Company (compliance_officer@choksilab.com) /RTA (zoaib.mukadam@linkintime.co.in).**

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE EGM/AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

- Shareholder will be provided with a facility to attend the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM through the CDSL e-Voting

system. Shareholders may access the same at <https://www.evotingindia.com> under shareholders/members login by using the remote e-voting credentials. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in shareholder/members login where the EVSN of Company will be displayed.

2. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
3. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
4. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
5. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance at least 10 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (company email id). The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance 10 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (company email id). These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
6. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING DURING THE AGM/EGM ARE AS UNDER:-

1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the EGM/AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
2. Only those shareholders, who are present in the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the EGM/AGM.
3. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the EGM/AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.
4. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the EGM/AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the EGM/AGM.

(xx) Note for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians

- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the “Corporates” module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
- A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; compliance_officer@choksilab.com, if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the e-Voting System, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (“FAQs”) and e-voting manual available at www.evotingindia.com, under help section or write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact Mr. Nitin Kunder (022-23058738) or Mr. Mehboob Lakhani (022-23058543) or Mr. Rakesh Dalvi (022-23058542).

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Manager, (CDSL,) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call on 022-23058542/43.

Other Instructions –

- In case you have any queries or issues regarding e-voting, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") and E-voting manual available at www.evotingindia.com under help section or write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
- The voting rights of shareholders shall be in proportion to their shares of the paid up equity share capital of the company as on the cut-off date (record date) of 18th September 2020.
- Ms. Shivani Mittal M/s Shivani Mittal & Company, Company Secretaries (Membership No. ACS: 58414, CP No. 22012) has been appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the E-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
- The Scrutinizer, after scrutinizing the votes cast at the meeting (Poll) and through remote e-voting, will not later than forty eight (48) hours of conclusion of the meeting, make a consolidated scrutinizer's report and submit the same to the Chairman.
- The Results shall be declared on or after the AGM of the Company. The Results declared along-with the Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed on the Company's website www.choksilab.com and on the website of CDSL within two (2) days of passing of the resolutions at the AGM of the Company and communicated to the Exchanges.

23. Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013 extends the nomination facility to individual shareholders of the Company. Therefore, the shareholders willing to avail this facility may make nomination in Form SH-13.

Place: Indore
Date: 29th August, 2020

Registered Office:
Survey No. 9/1, Near Tulsiyana Industrial Park,
Gram Kumerdi, Indore, MP 452010 IN
CIN: L85195MP1993PLC007471

Contact Information
MR. SANJAY CHOUREY
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer
E-mail: compliance_officer@choksilab.com
Phone No. 0731-4243888

By Order of the Board
For CHOKSI LABORATORIES LIMITED

Sd/-
Sanjay Chourey
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

ANNEXURE TO THE NOTICE

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT IN RESPECT OF SPECIAL BUSINESS PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Item No. 3.

Shri Vyangesh Choksi was appointed as Whole Time Director for a period of 5 (Five) years up to 31st August, 2021, the Board of Directors of the Company has considered it desirable to reappoint him as Whole Time Director for a period of 5 (Five) years from 1st September, 2020 on the terms and conditions mentioned here under:

1. Period of Agreement 5 (Five) years w. e. f. 01.09.2020
2. Salary 2,00,000 – 3,00,000 pm

Perquisites and Allowances:

In addition to the salary payable to the Whole Time Director, he shall also be entitled to perquisites like commission, accommodation (furnished or otherwise) or house rent allowance in lieu thereof, House maintenance allowance together with reimbursement of expenses or allowances for utilities such as Gas, Electricity, Water, Furnishing and repairs, medical reimbursement, leave concession for himself and his family, Club fees, Medical Insurance, and such other perquisites and allowances in accordance with the rules of the company or as may be agreed to by the Board and such perquisites and allowances to be restricted to 50% of the annual salary of the Whole Time Director. Company's contribution to Provident Fund and superannuation fund to the extent these either singly or together are not taxable under the Income Tax Act, Gratuity payable as per the rules of the Company and encashment of leave at the end of the tenure shall not be included in the computation of limit for the remuneration or perquisites aforesaid.

Minimum Remuneration:

Where in any financial year during the tenure of the Whole Time Director, the Company has not made any profit or its profits are inadequate, the remuneration proposed to be paid to the Whole Time Director by way of salary and perquisites as above shall be paid as minimum remuneration.

The proposed Resolution is recommended for passing

Place: Indore
Date: 29th August, 2020

Registered Office:
6/3, MANORAMAGANJ, INDORE, MP-452001
CIN: L85195MP1993PLC007471

Contact Information
MR. SANJAY CHOUREY
E-mail: compliance_officer@choksilab.com
Phone No. 0731-4243888

By Order of the Board
For CHOKSI LABORATORIES LIMITED

Sd/-
Sanjay Chourey
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

DETAILS OF DIRECTOR SEEKING APPOINTMENT/ RE-APPOINTMENT

Name of Director	Mr.Vyangesh Choksi
Date of Birth	4-12-1979
Age	41 Years
Date of Appointment	1-08-2009
Qualification	BCA, MCSA, MCSE, GAMP
Experience in specific functional area	10 Year of Experience in IT, Finance and General Administration
No. & % of Equity share held in the Company	447099 shares
List of outside company's directorship held in Public Limited Company	NA
Chairman / Member of the Committees of the Board of Directors of the Company	NA
Chairman/Member of the Committees of the Board Directors of other Companies in which he is director	NA
Relation between director inter –se	Relative of Director

BOARD REPORT**DEAR MEMBERS,**

Your Directors are pleased to present the Twenty Seven Annual Report on the business and operations of the Company together with the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY/HIGHLIGHTS**The summarized financial result for the year areas under:**

(Rs. In lacs)

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Total Revenue (Including other operating revenue)	2848.79	3399.20
Loss before Tax (PBT)	(571.44)	229.47
Less: a) Current Tax	0	73.04
b) Deferred Tax	182.95	-3.59
Net Profit/ (Loss) for the period	(388.49)	160.02
Total Comprehensive Income	(372.59)	160.90
Bais & Diluted EPS per equity share of face value Rs. 10 each (in Rs.)	(5.58)	2.30
Equity shares of face value of Rs. 10 each (In Rs.)	696.52	696.52

COMPANY'S PERFORMANCE REVIEW

Financial Year 2019-20 has been a challenging year with weakening macro-economic conditions, the drop in revenue is attributed due to multiple licenses / approvals that two of the units undergoing shift to new location are pending technical audit / approval / certification from competent authorities as well as self-revocation of US FDA FEI number as informed on 30th September 2019 to the Bombay Stock exchange Limited thereafter USFDA has given us EIR on 25/11/2019 under VAI Category for same place to the company towards the end of the year. Against this challenging backdrop, our financial year 2019-20 performance was decline by 1.19% with registered Service of Rs. 2848.79 Lacs as compare to Previous Year of Rs. 3399.20 Lacs, the Net loss before Tax for the year under review has amounted to Rs. 571.44. Net loss after tax for the year is Rs. 372.59 lacs for the Year 2019-20.

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

In compliance with section 92(3), section 134 (3) (a) and rule 11 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 the extract of the annual return is annexed as Form No. MGT-9 with this report

DIVIDEND

The board of directors has not recommended any Dividend after considering the relevant circumstances and keeping in view the financial position of the company for the year under review.

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF BOARD, COMMITTEE AND DIRECTORS BOARD EVALUATION

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act and the Listing Regulations, a structured questionnaire was prepared after taking into consideration the various aspects of the Board's functioning, composition of the Board and its Committees, culture, execution and performance of specific duties, obligations and governance.

The performance evaluation of the Directors was completed during the year under review. The performance evaluation of the Chairman and the Non-Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors and Non-Executive Director. The Board of Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

Management Discussion and Analysis Report

The Management Discussion and Analysis forms an integral part of this Report and gives detail of the overall industry structure, developments, performance and state of affairs of the Company's various businesses viz., the decorative business international operations, industrial and home improvement business, internal controls and their adequacy, risk management systems and other material developments during the financial year.

Covid-19 Impact

The increasing widespread of Covid-19 has put the world into varying degrees of uncertainty and disturbed the economic order completely.

Global recession in 2020-21 is evident and risk of prolonging to the next fiscal years is extremely high as Nations across the globe shut down economic and social activities to limit the spread of Covid-19 and the fatalities associated with it. Your Company has proper and adequate systems of internal controls system in place and there has been no adverse impact of Covid-19. The management is constantly striving in ensuring an effective control internal financial reporting and control measure.

Material Changes and Commitments

There have been no material changes and commitments, which affect the financial position of the company which have occurred between the end of the financial year to which the financial statements relate and the date of this Report. "There have been no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company between the end of the financial year and date of this report.

Change in the Nature of Business, If Any

There was no change in the nature of business of the Company during the Financial Year ended 31st March 2020.

Change of Registered Office

The Board of Directors glad to inform you all that company has recently been shifted registered office to new location within the local Municipal limits of City at Survey No 9/1, Near Tulsiyana Industrial Park, Gram Kumerdi, Indore- 452010, Madhya Pradesh, India. It will serve as the New Central Laboratories along with the registered office of the Company.

The said decision was taken by Board at its meeting held on 30th July 2020, keeping the financial as well as corporate position of the Company that is it will aid the Company in raising the business sales, as well as building a good brand image among stakeholders.

Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

Foreign Exchange outgo: Rs. 2,36,16,301/-

Foreign Exchange Earnings: Rs. 87,65,719/-

GOVERNANCE AND ETHICS

a. Corporate Governance

Corporate Governance is an ethically driven business process that is committed to values aimed at enhancing an organizations brand and reputation. The Companies Act, 2013 and amended SEBI (Listing obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015 have strengthened the governance regime in the country. The Company is in compliance with the governance requirements provided under the new law and had proactively adopted many provisions of the new law, ahead of time. The Company is committed to maintain the highest standards of corporate governance and adhere to the corporate governance requirements set out by SEBI. Integrity and transparency are key to our corporate governance practices to ensure that we gain and retain the trust to four stakeholders at all the times.

A separate report on Corporate Governance (Annexure II) is provided together with a Certificate from the Statutory Auditors of the Company regarding compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated SEBI (Listing obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015 (Annexure III) A Certificate of the MD and CFO of the Company, inter alia, confirming the correctness of the financial statements and cash flow statements, adequacy of the internal control measures and reporting of matters to the Audit Committee, is also annexed. (Annexure IV)

b. Directors & Key Managerial Personnel Appointments:

Director:

Re-appointments : In accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company and Section 152 of The Companies Act, 2013, Ms. Himika Choksi (DIN:00154926), Whole-time Director is due to retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offer herself for re-appointment.

The Board of Directors at its meeting held on 29th August 2020 has approved the Re-appointment of Mr. Vyangesh Choksi as Whole time Director of the Company with effect from 1st September 2020 for a period of 5 years subject to approval of shareholder Members at Forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

The Company has received disclosures from all the directors and none of the directors has been disqualified as stipulated under Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder

c. Number of meeting of Board of Directors

The Board of Directors met Four (4) times during the Financial Year under review viz. 30th May 2019, 12th August 2019, 14th Nov 2019, and 14th Feb 2020. The maximum gap between any 2 meetings did not exceed 120 days.

d. Independent Directors and their Meeting

Your Company has received annual declarations from all the Independent Directors of the Company confirming that they meet with

the criteria of Independence provided in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulations 16(1) (b) & 25 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and there has been no change in the circumstances which may affect their status as Independent Director during the year.

The Independent Directors met on 29th May 2019 without the attendance of Non-Independent Directors and members of the Management. The Independent Directors reviewed the performance of Non-Independent Directors and the Board as a whole; the performance of the Chairman of the Company, taking into account the views of Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors and assessed the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the Company Management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

e. Secretarial Standards

The Directors state that applicable Secretarial Standards, i.e. SS-1 and SS-2, relating to 'Meetings of the Board of Directors' and 'General Meetings', respectively, have been duly followed by the Company

f. Audit Committee & Composition

The Audit Committee comprises Independent Directors namely Mr. Sudharshan Shastri (Chairman), Mr. Ratnesh Sadoriya (Member), Mr. N.K. Mani (Member) During the year all recommendations made by the Audit Committee were accepted by the Board.

g. Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprises Independent Directors namely Mr. Sudarshan Shastri (Chairman), Mr. Mayank Pandey (Member), Mr. N.K. Mani (Member) during the year all recommendations made by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee were accepted by the Board.

h. Stakeholder Relationship Committee

The Stakeholder Relationship Committee comprises Independent Directors namely Mr. Sudarshan Shastri (Chairman) Mr. Ratnesh Sadoriya (Member), Mr. N. K. Mani (Member) During the Year all recommendation made by the Stakeholder Relationship Committee were accepted by the Board.

i. Contracts and Arrangements with Related Parties

All Related Party Transactions, which are foreseen and repetitive in nature, are placed before the Audit Committee on a yearly basis for obtaining prior omnibus approval of the committee. The transactions entered into pursuant to the omnibus approval are placed before the Audit Committee for review and approval on quarterly basis.

During the financial year 2019-20, there were no transactions with related parties which qualify as material transactions under SEBI (Listing obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015 and the Companies Act.

In line with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and Equity SEBI (Listing obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015, the Company has formulated a Policy on Related Party Transactions which is also available on Company's website at <http://www.choksilab.com/Downloads> The Policy intends to ensure that proper reporting; approval and disclosure processes are in place for all transactions between the Company and Related Parties.

Particulars of Employees

The information required under Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

The statement containing particulars of employees as required under Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, will be provided upon request. In terms of Section 136 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Report and Accounts are being sent to the Members and others entitled there to, excluding the information on employees' particulars which is available for inspection by the members at the Registered Office of the Company during business hours on working days of the Company. If any member is interested in obtaining a copy thereof, such Member may write to the Company Secretary in this regard.

Your Company's mission envisages a strong sense of commitment to work by being a caring pharmaceutical company, which will continuously strive to enhance health through quality Service. Your Company aims at consistently providing service that meet customer needs as well as national and international regulatory requirements, as may be applicable. Your Company has been steadily raising the bar, setting higher goals for incremental performance and enlarging the scope of its initiatives. The environmental policy of your Company emphasizes being a caring Company, which shall protect and promote the environment by complying with applicable environmental regulations and preventing pollution in all its operations.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL

According to Section 134(5) (e) of the Companies Act, 2013 the term Internal Financial Control (IFC) means the policies and procedures adopted by the company for ensuring the and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information.

The Company has adequate system of internal controls to ensure that all the assets are safeguarded and are productive. Necessary checks and controls are in place to ensure that transactions are properly verified, adequately authorized, correctly recorded and properly reported. The Internal Auditors of the Company conducts Audit of various departments to ensure that internal controls are in place;

Nomination and Remuneration Policy

The Board, on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, has adopted a policy for selection, appointment and remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management. The details of this Policy are given hereunder. The policy is available on the Company's website at <https://www.choksilab.com>

The Company considers human resources as its invaluable assets. The Nomination and Remuneration Policy aims to pay equitable remuneration to all Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and employees of the Company, to harmonize the aspirations of human resources consistent with the goals of the Company. The Remuneration Policy for all employees is designed to attract talented personnel and remunerate them fairly and responsibly, this being continuous, ongoing exercise at each level in the organization.

Whole Time/ Managing Director

The Company pays remuneration by way of salary, perquisites and allowances (fixed component) to its Managing Director. A proper balance between fixed and variable component is aimed at. Salary is paid based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and as approved by the Board of Directors. The remuneration paid to the Whole Time Director is determined keeping in view the industry benchmark and the relative performance of the Company compared to the industry performance. The Company pays remuneration by way of salary, perquisites and allowances to its Whole Time Director.

Non-Executive Directors

Non-Executive Directors receive sitting fees for attending Meetings of the Board and its Committees as per the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under. No other remuneration is paid to the Non-Executive Directors. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee may recommend to the Board, the payment of commission taking into account the evaluation of the performance of the Directors.

Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) and other Employees

The remuneration of KMP other than the Whole Time Director and other Senior Managerial Employees largely consists of basic salary, perquisites, allowances and performance incentives (wherever paid). Perquisites and retirement benefits are paid according to the Company's policy. The components of the total remuneration vary for different grades and are governed by the industry pattern, qualification and experience, merits and performance of each employee. The Company while deciding the remuneration package takes into consideration the current employment scenario and remuneration package prevalent in the industry and peer group companies.

DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

To the best of knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained by them, your Directors make the following statement in terms of Section 134(3)(c) of the Act:

- a. in the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended March 31, 2020, the applicable accounting standards read with requirements set out under Schedule III to the Act, have been followed and there are no material departures from the same;
- b. the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company;
- c. the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. the Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a 'going concern' basis;
- e. the Directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively; and
- f. The Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

AUDITORS & THEIR REPORT

Statutory Auditors:

M/s. SubhashCand Jain Anurag & Associates, having ICAI Registration No. 004733C were appointed as Statutory Auditor of the Company, for a term of 5 (five) consecutive years, at the Annual General Meeting held on 25th September 2017. They have confirmed that they are not disqualified from continuing as Auditors of the Company.

The Notes on financial statement referred to in the Auditors' Report are self-explanatory. Qualification mention and Auditors report.

Secretarial Auditors:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company has appointed Ms. Shivani Mittal, proprietor of M/s Shivani Mittal & Company, Company Secretary (ACS:58414, C.P. No.22012) to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company. The Secretarial Auditors in their report for the year 2019-20 has confirmed the compliances of by the Company as covered in their report.

The Report of the Secretarial Audit for the year 2019-20 in the Form MR-3 is annexed herewith as "Annexure VI". There is no qualification, reservation or adverse remark or in Secretarial Audit Report except the following;

Internal Auditors

In compliance with the provisions of Section 138 of Companies Act, 2013, read with Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, your Company has appointed as Internal auditor M/s. Tanmay V. Rajurkar & Co., Chartered Accountants for the Financial Year 2019-20.

Reporting of Fraud by auditors

During the year under review neither the statutory auditor nor the secretarial auditor has reported to the audit committee, under Section 143 (12) of the Companies Act, 2013, any instances of fraud committed against the Company by its officers or employees, the details of which would need to be mentioned in the Board's report.

Related Party Transactions

In line with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing obligation and disclosure Regulation 2015 (LODR), your Company has formulated a Policy on Related Party Transactions which is also available on [http:// www.choksilab.com](http://www.choksilab.com). All Related Party Transactions are placed before the Audit Committee for review and approval of the Committee on a quarterly basis. Also the Company has obtained prior omnibus approval for Related Party Transactions occurred during the year for transactions which are of repetitive nature and /or entered in the ordinary course of business and are at arm's length.

All the related party transactions entered into during the financial year were on an arm's length basis and were in the ordinary course of business. Your Company had not entered into any transactions with related parties which could be considered material in terms of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, the disclosure of related party transactions as required under Section 134 (3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013 in Form AOC 2:

Your Company Comply Pursuant to Regulation 23(9) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements), 2015, as amended vide SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Amendment) Regulations, 2018, Submit note on Related Party Transactions, on consolidated basis for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020 to the Stock Exchange.

OTHER DISCLOSURES

Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or Investments:

The particulars of loans, guarantees and investments as on 31st March 2020 are covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 is given in the Notes to Financial statements of the Company.

Significant and Material orders passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals impacting the going concern status of the Company:

There are no significant and material orders passed by the Regulators / Courts / Tribunals, which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

Details of Fixed Deposits

During the year under review, the Company has not accepted any Deposit under Section 73 of The Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014. It is further stated that the Company does not have any deposits which are not in compliance with the requirements of Chapter V of The Companies Act, 2013.

Prevention of Sexual Harassment at Workplace:

The company has a Policy for prevention of Sexual Harassment at the Workplace in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013, Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy. During the year under review, there were no complaints pertaining to sexual harassment.”

Business Responsibility Report

Regulation 34 (2) of the Listing Regulations, provides that the Annual Report of the Top 500 listed entities based on market capitalization (calculated as on March 31 of every financial year), shall include a Business Responsibility Report ("BRR"). Since your Company, does not feature in the Top 500 listed entities as per market capitalization as on March 31, 2020, the Business Responsibility Report for the financial year 2019-2020 does not form a part of this Annual Report.

Health and Safety

Health and Safety issues are addressed systematically, effectively and proactively. Your Company takes pride in providing various forms of medical assistance to its employees. Periodic health check-ups are carried out for all employees and regular training programs are organized on safety and precautionary measures. Fire fighting training programs and first aid training camps are organized regularly educate workers and employees at the plant locations and corporate office.

Acknowledgment

We would like to thank to all our Stakeholders, Investors Bankers, customers, Suppliers, Government agencies, stock exchanges and depositories, Auditors, legal advisors, consultants, business associates, service providers for their continued commitment, and invincible enthusiasm which made this year productive and pleasurable.

The Board also places on record, their deep sense of appreciation towards all its Employees at all levels for adopting the values of the Company and their hard work during the year.

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Choksi Laboratories Limited**

**Place: Indore
Date: 29th August 2020**

**Sd/-
Sunil Choksi
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN-00155078**

FORM NO. AOC -2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

Form for Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transaction under third proviso thereto

Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at Arm's length basis

Sl. No.	Particulars	
1	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	N.A.
2	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transaction	N.A.
3	Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transaction	N.A.
4	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	N.A.
5	Date of approval by the Board	N.A.
6	Amount paid as advances, if any	N.A.

Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions at Arm's length basis

Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	Nature of contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	Duration of the contracts / arrangements/ transactions	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any	Amount paid as advances, if any (f)
D. G .Choksi H.U.F. (Karta of HUF is MD)	Rent – Rs. 3.30 Lacs p.a.	Period of Contract 1 year and renewal as per agreement	As per agreement	----	Nil
Mr. Sunil Choksi Managing Director	Remuneration – 34.30 Lacs p.a.	As per term of Appointment	As per term of Appointment	----	Nil
Mr. Vyangesh Choksi Whole time Director	Remuneration – 29.40 Lacs p.a.	As per term of Appointment	As per term of Appointment	----	Nil
Mrs . Khyati Choksi Employee	Salary – 4.80 Lacs p.a.	Yearly	As per company policy	----	Nil
Mrs. Stela Choksi Whole time Director	Remuneration – 23.80 Lacs p.a.	As per term of Appointment	As per term of Appointment	----	Nil
	Rent – 16.20 Lacs p.a.	Period of Rent Contract 10 Years on Monthly basis.	Rent shall be Increased by 7% every two years.	----	Nil
Ms. Himika Choksi Whole time Director	Remuneration – 26.70 Lacs p.a.	As per term of Appointment	As per term of Appointment	----	Nil
	Rent – 13.45 Lacs p.a.	Period of Rent Contract 10 Years on Monthly basis.	Rent shall be Increased by 7% every two years.	----	Nil

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Choksi Laboratories Limited**

**Place: Indore
Date: 29th August 2020**

**Sd/-
Sunil Choksi
Managing Director**

ANNEXURE-II***Corporate Governance Report***

The Directors present the Company's Report on Corporate Governance for the year ended 31st March, 2020

COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance forms an integral part of the Company's philosophy. CLL firmly believes that any meaningful policy on Corporate Governance must provide empowerment to the management of the Company and simultaneously create a mechanism of checks and balances that ensure that the decision-making powers vested in the management are not misused and are exercised with care and responsibility to meet stakeholders' aspirations and societal expectations. The core principles of Corporate Governance i.e. trusteeship, transparency, empowerment, accountability and control form the cornerstone of CLL's Corporate Governance philosophy. The Company continues to focus its resources, strengths and strategies to achieve the highest standards of Corporate Governance and endeavors to implement the Code of Corporate Governance in its true spirit.

As per the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (Listing Regulations) and applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), Your Company shall ensure that its governance framework incorporates the applicable amendments introduced in the Listing Regulations and the same is proactively communicated and absorbed down the line with a view to strengthen then its philosophy of Corporate Governance

GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

Choksi Laboratories Limited (CLL)'s Governance structure broadly comprises the Board of Directors and the Committees of the Board at the apex level and the Management structure at the operational level. This layered structure brings about a harmonious blend in governance as the Board sets the overall corporate objectives and gives direction and freedom to the Management to achieve these corporate objectives within a given framework, thereby bringing about an enabling environment for value creation through sustainable profitable growth.

Board of Directors

The Board has an appropriate mix of Executive and Non – Executive Directors to maintain its independence. The Board periodically evaluates the need for change in its composition and size. The Board, inter alia, focuses on strategic planning, risk management, compliance, and corporate governance to maintain high standard so ethical conduct and integrity and succession planning for the Directors. The composition of the Board is in conformity with Regulation 17 of the Listing Regulations as well as the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rules issued there under.

Independent Directors

The Company has on its Board, eminent Independent Directors who have brought in independent judgment to Board's deliberations including issues of strategy, risk management and overall governance. They have played a pivotal role in safeguarding the interests of all stakeholders.

The terms and conditions for appointment of independent directors and a sample letter of appointment issued to them, are posted on the Company's website at following the link: <https://www.choksilab.com>

Committee of Directors

The Board has constituted various Committees with an Optimum representation of its members and with specific terms of reference in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Regulations. The Company currently has 3 (three) Committees of the Board, namely, Audit Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

The Board of Directors of the Company at its Meeting held on 30th May, 2019 in view of amendments caused to the Companies Act, 2013 by way of notification of certain provisions of Companies (Amendment) Act, by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs,. The revised terms are incorporated in their respective portion forming part of this Report

Management Structure

Management Structure for running the business of the Company as a whole is in place with appropriate delegation of powers and responsibilities.

a. Chairman & Managing Director

The Chairman and Managing Director is in overall control and responsible for the day-to-day working of the Company. He gives strategic directions, lays down policy guidelines and ensures implementation of the decisions of the Board of Directors and its various committees.

b. Executive Director-

The executive Directors are looking into purchase and marketing and responsible for o all other functions relating to the day- to-day management of the all the branch and, including all local issues and compliances as applicable at Labs level. He is also looking into the marketing, accounts and finance, administrator department and reports to the Chairman & Managing Director.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Composition, attendance of Directors at Board Meetings and the last Annual General Meeting (AGM), Other Directorship and Membership and /or Chairmanship held by each Director

Table-1: Composition of Board and attendance of Meetings during the year 2019-2020

Name	Category	No. of Board Meetings held during the year 2019-2020		Whether Attended last AGM held on September 28, 2019	No. of Directorships in other public companies*	No. of committee positions in other public companies		Name of Listed companies where directorship held and its category
		Held	Attended			Member	Chairman	
Mr. Sunil Choksi	Executive Director	4	3	Yes	1	1	0	Jash Engineering Ltd.
Mrs. Stela Choksi	Executive Director	4	3	Yes	0	0	0	-
Mr. Vyangesh Choksi	Executive Director	4	4	Yes	0	0	0	-
Ms. Himika Choksi	Executive Director	4	4	Yes	0	0	0	-
Mr. Sudarshan Shastri	Non-Executive Independent Director	4	4	Yes	1	2	1	M/s. Divya Jyoti Industries Limited
Mr. N.K. Mani	Non-Executive Independent Director	4	4	Yes	0	0	0	-
Mr. Ratnesh Sadoriya	Non-Executive Independent Director	4	4	Yes	0	0	0	-
Mr. Mayank Pandey	Non-Executive Independent Director	4	3	No	0	0	0	-

*Excludes Directorships in Pvt. Ltd. Companies, and Companies under Section 8 of the Act.

List of core skills/expertise/competencies identified by the Board of Directors as required in the context of its business(es) and sector(s) for it to function effectively and those actually available with the Board

- Vision:** Ability to see the future with precision based on knowledge, experience and power of reasoning to shape company's plans.
- Strategic thinking:** Ability to identify opportunities, projects, critical evaluation of the same and plan for successful implementation, to achieve the desired business goal.
- Leadership skills:** Trait of creating an inspiring vision, motivating people to engage with that vision and manage delivery of the vision.

4. **Industry knowledge:** Ability to comprehend intricacies of running an industry and guide the executive management to achieve desired goals with focus on pharmacy sector.
5. **Marketing & Business skills:** Thorough understanding of market and ability to deploy most innovative and effective marketing strategies supported by best use of technology.
6. **Finance & Accounting:** Ability to analyse key financial statements, assess financial viability, contribute to strategic financial planning; oversee budgets & efficient use of resources.
7. **Risk management:** Ability to identify key risks associated with the business and put in place risk minimization and mitigation framework, insulates the business from pitfalls.
8. **Communication skills:** Ability to convey effectively and efficiently with all stakeholders to achieve organization goals.

Confirmation by Independent Directors

All Independent Directors have declared that they meet the criteria of independence as laid down under Section 149 (6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulations 16 (b) of the Listing Regulations. The Board confirms that the Independent Directors fulfill conditions specified in the Listing Regulations and are independent of the Management.

Compliance with the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics

The Company has adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics. The said Code is posted on the Company's website and the web link of the same is: www.choksilab.com. All Board members and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the said Code for the year ended March 31, 2020. A declaration to this effect, signed by the Chairman & Managing Director is given below: "In accordance with Regulation 26 of the Securities and

Declaration on Code of Business Conduct and Ethics

Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, I hereby confirm that the Board of Directors and the Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics for the financial year ended March 31, 2020".

Role of the Company Secretary in Overall Governance Process

The Company Secretary plays a key role in ensuring that the Board procedures are followed and regularly reviewed. He ensures that all relevant information, details and documents are made available to the Board and Senior Management for effective decision making. The Company Secretary while preparing the agenda, Notes on agenda, Minutes etc. of the meeting(s), is responsible for and is required to ensure adherence to all the applicable laws and regulations including the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rules framed there under and the Secretarial Standards recommended by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

Recording Minutes of Proceedings at Board and Committee Meetings

The Company Secretary records minutes of proceedings of each Board and Committee meeting. Draft minutes are circulated to Board / Committee members for their comments as prescribed under Secretarial Standard-1 the minutes are entered in the Minutes Book within 30 days from the conclusion of the meeting.

Post Meeting Follow-up Mechanism

The Guidelines for Board meetings facilitate an effective post meeting follow-up, review and reporting process for the decisions taken by the Board. The important decisions taken at the Board meetings are communicated to the departments / divisions concerned promptly. Action taken report on the decisions / minutes of the previous meeting(s) is placed at the immediately succeeding meeting of the Board for noting by the Board.

Compliance

The Company Secretary, while preparing the agenda, notes on agenda and minutes of the meeting(s), is responsible for and is required to ensure adherence to all applicable laws and regulations, including the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules issued thereunder, Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

With a view to have a more focused attention on business and for better governance and accountability, the Board has constituted the following mandatory committees viz. Audit Committee, Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Internal Committee for (Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 redressal of complaint at the workplace.

The terms of reference of these Committees are determined by the Board and their relevance reviewed from time to time. Meetings of each of these Committees are convened by the respective Chairman of the Committee, who also informs the Board about the summary of discussions held in the Committee Meetings. The Minutes of the Committee Meetings are sent to all Directors individually and tabled at the Board Meetings.

(a) Audit Committee - Mandatory Committee

The Audit Committee acts as a link between the statutory and internal auditors and the Board of Directors. Its purpose is to assist the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities of monitoring financial reporting processes, reviewing the Company's established systems and processes for internal financial controls, governance and reviewing the Company's statutory and internal audit activities. The Committee is governed by a Charter which is in line with the regulatory requirements mandated by the Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 18 of SEBI (Listing obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015. Some of the important functions performed by the Committee are:

Financial Reporting and Related Processes

- Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and financial information submitted to the Stock Exchanges, regulatory authorities or the public.
- Reviewing with the Management the quarterly unaudited financial statements and the Auditors' Limited Review Report thereon/audited annual financial statements and Auditors' Report thereon before submission to the Board for approval. This would, inter alia, include reviewing changes in the accounting policies and reasons for the same, major accounting estimates based on exercise of judgment by the Management, significant adjustments made in the financial statements and / or recommendation, if any, made by the Statutory Auditors in this regard.
- Review the Management Discussion & Analysis of financial and operational performance.
- Discuss with the Statutory Auditors its judgment about the quality and appropriateness of the Company's accounting principles with reference to the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (IGAAP).
- Review the investments made by the Company.

Internal Controls and Governance Processes

- Review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's system and internal controls.
- Review and discuss with the Management the Company's major financial risk exposures and steps taken by the Management to monitor and control such exposure.
- To oversee and review the functioning of a vigil mechanism (implemented in the Company as a Fraud Risk Management Policy) and to review the findings of investigation into cases of material nature and the actions taken in respect thereof.

Audit

- Review the scope of the Statutory Auditors, the annual audit plan and the Internal Audit Plan with a view to ensure adequate coverage.
- Review the significant audit findings from the statutory and internal audits carried out, the recommendations and Management's response thereto.
- Review and recommend to the Board the appointment / re-appointment of the Statutory Auditors and Cost Auditors considering their independence and effectiveness and their replacement and removal.
- Approve such additional services to be rendered by the Statutory Auditors except those enumerated in Section 144 of the Companies Act, 2013 and payment for such services.
- To recommend the Board the remuneration of the Statutory Auditors
- To discuss with the Statutory Auditors / Internal Auditors any significant difficulties encountered during the course of the Audit.

Other Duties

- To approve the appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Internal Auditor and to approve the appointment of the Chief Financial Officer.
- To grant omni bus approval for related party transactions which are in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length pricing basis and to review and approve such transactions subject to the approval of the Board.

The composition of the Audit Committee as at 31st March, 2020 and details of the Members participation at the Meetings of the Committee are as under:

The Audit Committee met Four times during the financial year, namely May 30, 2019; August 12th, 2019; November 14th, 2019, and February 14th, 2020. The composition of the Committee as on March 31, 2020, and the details on the number of Audit Committee Meetings held and attended by the Members during the financial year 2019-2020 are given in table:

Composition and attendance of Audit Committee Meetings during 2019-2020			
Name of Director	Position	Category	No. of Meeting attended
Mr. Sudarshan Shastri	Chairman	Non- Executive Independent Director	4
Mr. N.K. Mani	Member	Non- Executive Independent Director	4
Mr. Ratnesh Sadoriya	Member	Non- Executive Independent Director	3

The Company Secretary acts as Secretary to the Committee

All the Members on the Audit Committee have the requisite qualification for appointment on the Committee and possess knowledge of finance, accounting practices and internal controls.

The MD, the Chief Financial Officer (CFO), the Internal Auditor attends Audit Committee Meetings. The Company Secretary is the Secretary to the Committee. The Internal Auditor reports directly to the Audit Committee.

Self-Assessment by the Audit Committee

The Audit Committee has set in place a process to measure and benchmark its performance each year. The assessment broadly covers composition, structure and committee meetings; overview of the financial reporting process; internal control systems and overview of internal and external audits. The results of the self-assessment are presented to the Audit Committee along with the action plan in the areas requiring improvement.

(a) Stakeholders' Relationship Committee-Mandatory Committee

The Committee's composition and terms of reference are in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 20 of the Listing Regulations. The composition of Committee is given in this Report. The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee is primarily responsible to review all matters connected with the Company's transfer of securities and redressal of shareholders'/ investors'/ security holders' complaints.

The terms of reference of the Committee are:

- Transfer/transmission of shares issued by the Company from time to time;
- Issue of duplicate share certificates for shares reported lost, defaced or destroyed, as per the laid down procedure;
- Issue new certificates against subdivision of shares, renewal, split or consolidation of share certificates;
- issue and allot right shares/bonus share pursuant to a Rights Issue/Bonus Issue made by the Company, subject to such approvals as may be required;
- to approve and monitor dematerialization of shares/debentures/other securities and all matters incidental or related thereto;
- to authorize the Company Secretary and Head Compliance/other Officers of the Share Department to attend to matters relating to non-receipt of annual reports, notices, non-receipt of declared dividend change of address for correspondence etc. and to monitor action taken;
- monitoring expeditious redressal of investors / stakeholders grievances;
- All other matters incidental or related to shares, debentures and other securities of the Company.

The composition of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee as at 31st March, 2020 and details of the Members participation at the Meetings of the Committee are as under:

The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee met Four times during the financial year namely May 30, 2019; August 12th 2019; November 14th, 2019; and February 14th, 2020. During the year no complaints were received from shareholders and investors, and no investor complaint was pending at the beginning or at the end of the year. The Company has acted upon valid requests for share transfers received during the year and no such request is pending.

The Company has a dedicated e-mail id compliance_officer@choksilabs.com where investors and the other stakeholders can address their queries and grievances

The Company Secretary is the Compliance Officer and also acts as Secretary to the Committee

Composition and attendance of Stakeholder Relationship Committee Meetings during 2019-2020			
Name of Director	Position	Category	No. of Meeting attended
Mr. Sudarshan Shastri	Chairman	Non- Executive Independent Director	4
Mr. N.K. Mani	Member	Non- Executive Independent Director	4
Mr. Ratnesh Sadoriya	Member	Non- Executive Independent Director	4

Company Secretary was also available during all the Committee Meetings, As on 31st March, 2020, no investor grievance has remained unattended/pending for more than thirty days.

(b) Nomination and Remuneration Committee-Mandatory Committee

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has been constituted in accordance with the requirements of statutes and its terms of reference are in compliance with the governing provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of the Listing Regulations.

The terms of reference of the Committee inter alia, include the following:

Succession planning of the Board of Directors and Senior Management Employees;

- Identifying and selection of candidates for appointment as Directors / Independent Directors based on certain laid down criteria;
- Identifying potential individuals for appointment as Key Managerial Personnel and to other Senior Management positions;
- Formulate and review from time to time the policy for selection and appointment of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and senior management employees and their remuneration;
- Review the performance of the Board of Directors and Senior Management Employees based on certain criteria as approved by the Board. In reviewing the overall remuneration of the Board of Directors and Senior Management, the Committee ensures that the remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate the best managerial talent, the relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks and that the remuneration involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short term and long term objectives of the Company.

In compliance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015, an Independent Director, is the Chairman of the Committee.

The said Committee met three times during the financial year namely August 12th, 2019, November 14, 2019 and February 14th, 2020;

Composition and attendance of Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meetings during 2019-2020			
Name of Director	Position	Category	No. of Meeting attended
Mr. Sudarshan Shastri	Chairman	Non- Executive Independent Director	3
Mr. N.K. Mani	Member	Non- Executive Independent Director	3
Mr. Mayank Pandey	Member	Non- Executive Independent Director	3

(c) Internal Committee for (Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

In compliance with Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 the Board has constituted an Internal Committee have been nominated in the committee to look into the complaints of the women employees relating to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace.

- number of complaints filed during the financial year: Nil
- number of complaints disposed of during the financial year; Nil
- number of complaints pending as on end of the financial year; Nil

(d) Independent Directors' Meeting

During the year under review, the Independent Directors met on 30th May 2019, under the chairmanship of the Lead Independent Director, Shri Sudarshan Shastri inter alia, to discuss:

- Independent Directors and the Board of Directors as a whole;
- Chairman of the Company, taking into account the views of the Executive and Non-Executive Directors.
- Performance of the Chairman & Managing Director Shri Sunil Choksi and Director, Shri Vyangesh Choksi Chief Financial Officer.
- Time lines of flow of information between the Management and the Board that is necessary for the board to effectively and reasonably perform its duties.

All the Independent Directors were present at the Meeting.

POLICY FOR SELECTION AND APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS AND THEIR REMUNERATION

The Nomination and Remuneration (N&R) Committee has adopted a Charter which, inter alia, deals with the manner of selection of Board of Directors, Managing Director, Whole-time Directors, senior management and Key managerial Persons and their remuneration. This Policy is accordingly derived from the said Charter.

1. Criteria of selection of Non-Executive Directors

- In case of appointment of Non-executive Directors, the N&R Committee shall satisfy itself with regard to the nature of the Directors vis-à-vis the Company so as to enable the Board to discharge its function and duties effectively.
- The N&R Committee shall ensure that the candidate identified for appointment as a Director is not disqualified for appointment under Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- The N&R Committee shall consider the following attributes/criteria, whilst recommending to the Board the candidature for appointment as Director.
 - Qualification, expertise and experience of the Directors in the irrespective fields;
 - Personal, Professional or business standing;
 - Diversity of the Board.
- In case of re-appointment of Non-Executive Directors, the Board shall take into consideration the performance valuation of the Director and his engagement level.

2. Remuneration

The Non-Executive Directors shall be entitled to receive remuneration by way of sitting fees, reimbursement of expenses for participation in the Board/Committee meetings as detailed hereunder:

- A Non-Executive Director shall be entitled to receive sitting fees for each meeting of the Board or Committee of the Board attended by him, of such sum as may be approved by the Board of Directors within the overall limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014;
- The Independent Directors of the Company shall not be entitled to participate in the Stock Option Scheme of the Company, if any, introduced by the Company.

3. Managing Director Criteria for selection / appointment

For the purpose of selection of the MD and WTD the N&R Committee shall identify persons of integrity who possess relevant expertise, experience and leadership qualities required for the position and shall take into consideration recommendation, if any, received from any member of the Board.

The Committee will also ensure that the incumbent fulfills such other criteria with regard to age and other qualifications as laid down under the Companies Act, 2013 or other applicable laws.

Remuneration for the Managing Director & Whole-time Directors

- At the time of appointment or re-appointment, the Managing Director and Whole-time director shall be paid such remuneration as may be mutually agreed between the Company (which includes the N&R Committee and the Board of Directors) and the Managing Director and Whole-time Director within the overall limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.
- The remuneration shall be subject to the approval of the Members of the Company in General Meeting.
- The remuneration of the Managing Director and Whole-time director is broadly divided into fixed and variable components. The fixed component comprises salary, allowances, perquisites, amenities and retirement benefits. The variable component comprises performance bonus.

- iv. In determining the remuneration (including the fixed increment and performance bonus) the N&R Committee shall ensure / consider the following:
 - a. responsibility required to be shouldered by the Managing Director and Whole-time director, the industry benchmarks and the current trends;
 - b. The Company's performance vis-à-vis the annual budget achievement and individual performance. Remuneration Policy for the Senior Management Employee
- I. In determining the remuneration of the Senior Management Employees and Key Managerial Personals, the N&R Committee shall ensure/consider the following:
 - a. The relationship of remuneration and performance;
 - b. the balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long term performance objectives, appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals;
 - c. the remuneration is divided into two components viz. fixed component comprising salaries, perquisites and retirement benefits and variable component comprising performance bonus;
 - d. The remuneration including annual increment and performance bonus is decided based on the criticality of the roles and responsibilities, and current compensation trends in the market.
- II. The Managing Director will carry out the individual performance review based on the standard appraisal matrix and shall take into account the appraisal score card and other factors mentioned herein-above, whilst recommending the annual increment and performance incentive to the N&R Committee for its review and approval.

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Board has carried out the annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the Directors individually as well as the evaluation of the working of its Audit, Nomination and Remuneration and Compliance Committees.

A structured questionnaire was prepared after taking into consideration inputs received from the Directors, covering various aspects of the Board's functioning such as adequacy of the composition of the Board and its Committees, Board culture, execution and performance of specific duties, obligations and governance.

A separate exercise was carried out to evaluate the performance of individual Directors including the Chairman of the Board, who were evaluated on parameters such as level of engagement and contribution, independence of judgment, safeguarding the interest of the Company and its minority shareholders etc. The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board. The performance evaluation of the Chairman and the Non Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors who also reviewed the performance of the Secretarial Department. The Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

Compliance Officer of the Company

Mr. Sanjay Chourey, Company Secretary is the Compliance Officer of the Company. He is primarily responsible to ensure compliance with applicable statutory requirements and is the interface between the management and regulatory authorities for governance matters.

General Body Meetings

The details of Annual General Meetings held in last 3 years are as under:

Year	Venue	Date	Time
2018-19	6/3, Manoramaganj, Indore	27th September 2019	11.30 a.m.
2017-18	6/3, Manoramaganj, Indore	28th September 2018	11.30 a.m.
2016-17	6/3, Manoramaganj, Indore	25th September 2017	11.00 a.m.

DISCLOSURES

(a) Strictures and Penalties

No strictures or penalties have been imposed on the Company by the Stock Exchanges or by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) or by any statutory authority on any matters related to capital markets during the last three years.

(b) Compliance with Accounting Standards

In the preparation of the financial statements, the Company has followed the Accounting Standards notified pursuant to Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 (as amended) and the relevant provision of the Companies Act, 1956 read with General Circular 8/2014 dated April 04, 2014, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs. The significant accounting policies which are consistently applied have been set-out in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

(c) Internal Controls

The Company has a formal system of internal control testing which examines both the design effectiveness and operational effectiveness to ensure reliability of financial and operational information and all statutory / regulatory compliances. The Company's business processes have a strong monitoring and reporting process resulting in financial discipline and accountability.

(a) MD/CFO Certification

The MD and the CFO have issued certificate pursuant to the provisions The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 certifying that the financial statements do not contain any untrue statement and these statements represent a true and fair view of the Company's affairs. The said certificate is annexed and forms part of the Annual Report.

LISTING OF SECURITIES

The Equity Shares of the Company are listed at Bombay Stock Exchange. Name and Address of the Stock Exchanges Stock/Script Code ISIN for CDSL/NSDL Dematerialized Shares BSE Ltd., Mumbai, and CHOKSI INE493D01013 the Company had duly paid the listing fees to the Bombay Stock Exchange for the financial year 2019-2020.

DEMAT STATUS

The Company's shares are presently held in both electronic and physical modes.

BUSINESS RISK MANAGEMENT

The company does not have any risk other than normal business risk therefore there is no any written risk management policy so far adopted by the company.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Company is not required to constitute a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee, as it does not fall within preview of Section 135(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and hence it is not required to formulate policy on corporate social responsibility.

VIGIL MECHANISM

In staying true to our values of Strength, Performance and Passion and in line with our vision of being one of the most respected companies in India, the Company is committed to the high standards of Corporate Governance and stakeholder responsibility.

RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Company has a Risk Management Policy (RM) to deal with instances of fraud and mismanagement, if any. The Vigil Mechanism Policy ensures that strict confidentiality is maintained whilst dealing with concerns and also that no discrimination will be meted out to any person for a genuinely raised concern. The said policy uploaded on company website; www.choksilab.com

PREVENTION OF INSIDER TRADING

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading with a view to regulate trading in securities by the Directors and designated employees of the Company. The Code requires pre-clearance for dealing in the Company's shares and prohibits the purchase or sale of Company shares by the Directors and the designated employees while in possession of unpublished price sensitive information in relation to the Company and during the period when the Trading Window is closed. The Company Secretary & Head Compliance is responsible for implementation of the Code.

All Board Directors and the designated employees have confirmed compliance with the Code. **COMMUNICATION WITH THE MEMBERS/ SHAREHOLDERS**

- The unaudited quarterly results are announced within forty-five days of the close of the quarter. The audited annual results are announced within two months from the close of the financial year as per the requirements of the SEBI (Listing obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015, with the Stock Exchanges/ SEBI (Listing obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015. The aforesaid financial results are sent to BSE Limited (BSE), where the Company's equity shares are listed, immediately after these are approved by the Board. The results are thereafter given by way of a Press Release to news agencies/ and

are published in leading English and Marathi daily newspapers. The audited financial statements form a part of the Annual Report which is sent to the Members well in advance of the Annual General Meeting.

- The Company also informs by way of intimation to BSE, all price sensitive matters or such other matters, which in its opinion are material and of relevance to the members and subsequently issues a Press Release regarding the same.
- The Annual Report of the Company, the quarterly and the annual results and the press releases of the Company are also placed on the Company's website: www.choksilab.com and can be downloaded.
- In compliance with SEBI (Listing obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015, the quarterly results, shareholding pattern, quarterly compliances and all other corporate communication to the Stock Exchanges BSE Limited, are filed electronically on BSE's on-line portal website www.listing.bseindia.com.

Timely disclosure of consistent, comparable, relevant and reliable information on corporate financial performance is at the core of good governance. Towards this end

Financial Results: The results are submitted to the Stock Exchanges in accordance with the Listing Agreement and simultaneously published in English edition of 'Free Press' and Hindi edition of 'Choutha Sansar'.

Corporate Filing: Announcements, Quarterly Results, Shareholding Pattern etc. Of the Company regularly filed by the Company, are also available on the website of The Bombay Stock Exchange Limited – www.bseindia.com.

Website: The Company's website www.choksilab.com contains a separate dedicated section "Investor Relations" where information for shareholders is available. The Quarterly/ Annual Financial Results, Annual Reports are posted on the website.

GENERAL INFORMATION TO SHAREHOLDERS

1. Annual General Meeting Date/Day : Venue :	29th September, 2020, Time : 11.30 AM through Video Conferencing (VC) /Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM) As the meeting is through Video Conferencing (VC) /Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM) the registered office of the company situated Survey No 9/1, Near Tulsiyana Industrial Park, Gram Kumerdi, Indore MP 452010
2 Board Meeting for consideration of Accounts for the financial year ended March, 31, 2020	30th July, 2020
3 Posting of Annual Reports	On or before 5th September, 2020
4 Book Closure Dates	September 22th, 2020 to, September 29th, 2020 (both days inclusive).
5 Last date for receipt of Proxy Forms	AGM is Conducting through VC
6. Financial Year of the Company	1st April, 2019 to 31st March, 2020.
7. Results for the Quarter ending : June 30, 2019 September 30, 2019 December 31, 2019 March 31, 2020	On or before 14th August, 2019 On or before 14th November, 2018 On or before 14th February, 2019 On or before 30th July, 2020 (Audited).

INVESTOR SERVICES

The Company has a Registrar and Share Transfer Agent M/s LINK INTIME INDIA PVT. LTD address C -101, 247 PARK, L.B.S. MARG, VIKHROLI (WEST), MUMBAI – 400083, which offers all share related services to its Members and Investors.

These services include transfer/ transmission/ dematerialization of shares, payment of dividends, sub-division/consolidation / renewal of share certificates and investor grievances.

The Share Transfer Agent is registered with SEBI as Registrar to an Issue/Share Transfer Agent in Category II Share Transfer Agent Address for Correspondence with the Share Transfer Agent of the Company **LINK INTIME INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED C -101, 247 PARK, L.B.S. MARG, VIKHROLI (WEST), MUMBAI – 400083**

Public Issue-Shares and Bonds (Allotment): 022 - 4918 6200

Members who hold shares in dematerialized form should correspond with the Depository Participant with whom they maintain Demat Account/s, for their queries relating to shareholding, change of address. However, queries relating to non-receipt of dividend, non-receipt of annual reports, or on matters relating to the working of the Company should be sent to the Share Transfer Agent of the Company.

Members who hold shares in physical form should address their queries to the Share Transfer Agent of the Company.

Members are requested to ensure that correspondence for change of address, change in bank details, processing of unclaimed dividend, subdivision of shares, renewals / split / consolidation of share certificates, issue of duplicate share certificates should be signed by the first named Member as per the specimen signature registered with the Company. The Share Transfer Agent of the Company may also, with a view to safeguard the interest of its Members and that of the Company, request for additional supporting documents such as certified copies of PAN Cards and other proof of identity and / or address.

Members are requested to indicate their DP ID & Client ID/ Ledger Folio number in their correspondence with the Company and also to provide their Email addresses and telephone numbers/FAX numbers to facilitate prompt response from the Share Transfer Agent of the Company.

Exclusive E-Mail ID

The Company has designated an e-mail ID to enable the Members and Investors to correspond with the Company. The e-mail ID is compliance_officer@choksilab.com.

Market Information

Month	Bombay Stock Exchange Limited (BSE)	
	High	Low
April 2019	14.59	12.9
May 2019	13.99	12.3
June 2019	14.89	12.73
July 2019	13.97	10.74
August 2019	13.99	11.44
September 2019	14.4	11.25
October 2019	14.4	11.82
November 2019	12.87	10.31
December 2019	12.85	10.01
January 2020	11.77	9.7
February 2020	11.79	9.36
March 2020	10.02	7.68

SHARE TRANSFER SYSTEM AND OTHER RELATED MATTERS

i. Share transfers

Share transfers in physical form are processed and the share certificates are generally returned to the transferees within a period of fifteen days from the date of receipt of transfer provided the transfer documents lodged with the Company are complete in all respects.

ii. Permanent Account Number (PAN)

Members who hold shares in physical form are advised that SEBI has made it mandatory that a copy of the PAN card of the transferee/s, members, surviving joint holders/legal heirs be furnished to the Company while obtaining the services of transfer, transposition, transmission and issue of duplicate share certificates.

iii. Pending Investors' Grievances

Any Member/ Investor, whose grievance has not been resolved satisfactorily, may kindly write to the Company Secretary at the Registered Office with a copy of the earlier correspondence.

iv. Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit

As required by the Securities & Exchange Board of India (SEBI) quarterly audit of the Company's share capital is being carried out by an independent external auditor with a view to reconcile the total share capital admitted with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) and held in physical form, with the issued and listed capital. The Auditors' Certificate in regard to the same is submitted to BSE Limited, is also placed before Stakeholders' Relationship Committee and the Board of Directors.

The Company has entered into agreements with both National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) whereby Members have an option to dematerialize their shares with either of the depositories.

Other Important Information

(a) Nomination Facility

Shareholders holding shares in physical form and desirous of making a nomination in respect of their shareholding in the Company, as permitted under Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2015 are requested to submit to the Company nomination in the prescribed Form SH-13 for this purpose.

(b) Updating of Shareholders Information

Shareholders holding shares in physical form are requested to notify the changes to the Company/ its RTA, promptly by a written and duly signed request and Shareholders holding shares in electronic form are requested to send their instructions directly to their Depository Participants (DPs).

(c) Mandatory Requirement of PAN

SEBI vide its circular dated 20th April 2018 has mandated compulsory registration of PAN and Bank Account for all Shareholders in following cases:

- Transferees and Transferors PAN Cards for transfer of shares
- Transfer of shares to Legal Heirs/Nominees
- For Dematerialization of shares
- Issuance of Duplicate Share certificates

- (d) Shareholders are requested to keep record of their specimen Signature before lodgment of Shares with the Company to obviate possibility of differences in signature and later date.

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Choksi Laboratories Limited**

**Place: Indore
Date: 29th August 2020**

**Sd/-
Sunil Choksi
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN00155078**

ANNEXURE - I**MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT**

We have pleasure in submitting the Management Discussion & Analysis Report on the Company's business.

OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS

The year was marked with considerable activity be it pharmaceutical, food or construction. Indian economy was adapting to the global factors and compliance levels were being made stringent on the global as well as domestic front. Human resource play as a vital role in the success or failure of an organization. To make the organization ready for tomorrow, the management invested in upgrading/ capacity building at current locations as well as building a team that can take your company forward in the coming years.

A. SEGMENT- WISE PERFORMANCE

The Company is engaged in the single segment of analytical testing.

B. OUTLOOK

The outlook for the Company stands promising. CLL with five units across India and capacity increase underway. We hope to improve considerably in the coming years. Company is poised to continue an upward trend.

C. Impact and Estimation of the Covid-19 pandemic on the business: Immediate as well as near Future

The increasing widespread of Covid-19 has put the world into varying degrees of uncertainty and disturbed the economic order completely. Global recession in 2020-21 is evident and risk of prolonging to the next fiscal years is extremely high as Nations across the globe shut down economic and social activities to limit the spread of Covid-19 and the fatalities associated with it.

As production is curtailed around the world, in almost all sectors in unprecedented manner many industries are at risk of collapse. **Construction, Food Industry, Healthcare, Textile**

A severe demand shock is underway across the discretionary spend category. The virus outbreak has disrupted the manufacturing supply chain and sharply curtailed energy demand. Collection delay and defaults are likely by consumers (lower slab domestic category due to wage disruption, and commercial & Industrial defaults due to business discontinuity) which will put more pressure on financially ailing. Overall Scenario suggest a Swoosh Recovery pattern

As the service that the company provides are in various sectors stated above an overall impact on top line around twenty percent may be expected in the immediate quarters. With the growth economy kicking in, the impact would reduce in subsequent quarters but would witness the same pattern as the overall economy. Currently, the future impact of Covid-19 on the operations, results and financial health of the Company cannot be ascertained in very affirmative ranges as the extent of adverse impact on revenues, earnings and resultant cash flows will depend on containment of impact of Covid-19 and damage done by the pandemic at different cities of Company operation and the measures by the state government and the Disaster Management Committee appointed by the state.

D. INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

Internal control system is a means by which an organization's resources are directed, monitored, and measured. It plays an important role in preventing and detecting fraud and protecting the organization's resources, both physical (e.g., machinery and property) and intangible (e.g. reputation or intellectual property such as trademarks). The Company has adequate internal control systems including suitable monitoring procedures commensurate with its size and the nature of the business. Everyone in a company has responsibility for internal control to some extent. Virtually all employees produce information used in the internal control system or take other actions needed to affect control. Also, all personnel are responsible for communicating upward problems in operations, non-compliance with the code of conduct, or other policy violations or illegal actions and each major entity in corporate governance has a particular role to play. The management fulfills this duty by providing leadership and direction to senior managers and reviewing the way they're controlling the business.

The statutory auditors while conducting the statutory audit, review and evaluate the internal controls and their observations are discussed with the Audit committee of the Board.

E. FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

Please refer to performance review in the Board of Directors Report.

F. MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS IN HUMAN RESOURCES / INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

CLL recognizes that nurturing and recruiting the best talent is vital to the long-term success of the enterprise. During the year under review, various training and development programmes were conducted to improve the competency level of employees with an objective to improve the operational performance of individuals, which are viewed as key drivers of the personal growth and the success of CLL.

G. CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

Certain statement in the management discussion and analysis may be forward looking within the meaning of applicable securities law and regulations and actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied. These statements are likely to address the Company's growth strategy, financial results, product development, product approvals, product potential and development programs based on certain assumptions and expectation of future event, actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied.

The Company assumes no responsibility to publicly amend, modify or revise any forward looking statements on the basis of subsequent developments, information of events..

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Choksi Laboratories Limited**

**Place: Indore
Date: 29th August 2020**

**Sd/-
Sunil Choksi
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN00155078**

CEO / CFO CERTIFICATE

Regulation 17 (8) and part B of Schedule II of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

**TO
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS
CHOKSI LABORATORIES LIMITED**

1. We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement of Choksi Laboratories Limited for the year ended 31st March, 2020 and to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - a. these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - b. These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
2. There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or volatile of the Company's Code of Conduct.
3. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and we have evaluated the effectiveness of Company's internal control systems pertaining to financial reporting. We have not come across any reportable deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls.
4. We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit Committee:
 - i. That there are no significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - ii. That there are no significant changes in accounting policies during the year; and
 - iii. That there are no instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware

DATE: 29.08.2020

PLACE: INDORE

SUNIL CHOKSI

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

VYANGESH CHOKSI

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICE

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To,
The Members
CHOKSI LABORATORIES LIMITED
SURVEY NO 9/1, NEAR TULSIYANA INDUSTRIAL PARK,
GRAM KUMERDI, INDORE 452010 M.P.IN

We have examined the following documents: -

1. Declaration of non-disqualification as required under Section 164 of Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act');
2. Disclosure of concern or interests as required under Section 184 of the Act; (hereinafter referred to as 'relevant Documents'), as submitted by the Directors of Choksi Laboratories Limited ('the Company') bearing CIN: L85195MP1993PLC007471 and having its Registered Office at SURVEY NO 9/1, NEAR TULSIYANA INDUSTRIAL PARK, GRAM KUMERDI, INDORE 452010 M.P. to the Board of Directors of the Company ('the Board') for the financial year 2019-20. We have considered non-disqualification to include non-debarment.

It is the responsibility of Directors to submit relevant documents with complete and accurate information in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Based on our examination of relevant documents made available to us by the Company and such other verifications carried out by us as deemed necessary and adequate, in our opinion and to the best of our information and knowledge and according to the explanations provided by the Company, its officers and authorized representatives, we certify that as on date of this Certificate, none of the Directors on the Board of the Company, as listed hereunder, have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of the Company by Securities and Exchange Board of India/ Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority.

DIN/PAN	Name	Begin date
0000039170	Mayank Pandey	30/05/2018
0000154926	VyangeshChoksi	01/08/2009
0000155007	HimikaChoksi	01/03/2017
0000155043	Stela Choksi	01/04/2011
0000155078	Sunil Kumar Choksi	01/09/2008
0000155105	SudarshanShastri	30/01/1999
0002783996	Nanoo Krishna Mani	01/11/2009
0008146570	RatneshSadoriya	30/05/2018

For Shobhit Tandon & Associates

CA SHOBHIT TANDON
(Proprietor)
ACS: 45363, C.P. No.: 16646
Firm U.S.N.: 12510183163000
BHN: 30153516000000196
Date: 02 Sep, 2020
Place: Delhi

This Certificate has been issued at the request of the Company to make disclosure in its Corporate Governance Report of the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2020.

Secretarial Audit Report

(For the financial year ended 31st March, 2020)

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies

(Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
Choksi Laboratories Limited
CIN: L85195MP1993PLC007471
6/3, Manorama Ganj, Indore (MP)

I have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **CHOKSI LABORATORIES LIMITED** (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon. Based on my verification of the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2020, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

- I. I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2020 according to the provisions of:
 - I. The Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') and the Rules made there under;
 - II. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rules made there under;
 - III. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under;
 - IV. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings (Not Applicable to the company during the year);
 - V. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') to the extent applicable to the Company:-
 - a. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - c. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 (Not applicable to the Company during the year);
 - d. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 (Not applicable to the Company during the year);
 - e. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
 - f. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008 (Not applicable to the Company during the year);
 - g. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 (Not applicable to the Company during the year);
 - h. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy-back of Securities) Regulations, 2018 (Not applicable to the Company during the year);
 - i. The Company has complied with the requirements under the Equity Listing Agreements entered into with Bombay Stock Exchange of India Limited, National Stock Exchange of India Limited;
 - j. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulation, 2018; and
 - k. Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
 - VI. Other specifically applicable laws to the Company:
 - a. The Employee Provident Fund & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952;
 - b. Employees State Insurance Act, 1948;

- c. Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972;
- d. The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013;

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- H.** Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- I.** The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with the BSE Limited.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, Listing Agreements etc. mentioned above.

I further report that:

- The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.
- Adequate notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.
- All the decisions at the Board Meetings and Committee Meetings have been carried out unanimously as recorded in the minutes of the meeting of the Board of Directors or Committees of the Board, as the case may be.

I further report that:

- There are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.
- There were no such specific events/actions in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, etc., having a major bearing on the Company's affairs.

Place: Indore
Date: 02/07/2020

For Shivani Mittal & Co.
Shivani Mittal & Co (Proprietor)
Practicing Company Secretary
Mem. No.: 58414 CPNo.-22012

Annexure to Secretarial Audit Report

To,
The Members,
Choksi Laboratories Limited
CIN: L85195MP1993PLC007471
6/3, Manorama Ganj, Indore (MP)

My Secretarial Report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these Secretarial records based on done audit.
2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records.
3. I believe that the processes and practices, I followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Where ever required, I have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management.
6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Place: Indore
Date: 02/07/2020

For Shivani Mittal & Co.
Shivani Mittal & Co (Proprietor)
Practicing Company Secretary
Mem. No.: 58414 CPNo.-22012

Annexure-VII
Form No. MGT-9

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

As on the financial year ended on 31st March, 2020

[Pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 12(1) of the Companies
(Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

i)	CIN:-	L85195MP1993PLC007471
ii)	Registration Date	29/01/1993
iii)	Name of the Company	CHOKSI LABORATORIES LIMITED
iv)	Category / Sub-Category of the Company	Company Limited by Shares/ Indian Non-Government Company.
v)	Address of the Registered office and contact details	SURVEY NO 9/1, NEAR TULSIYANA INDUSTRIAL PARK, GRAM KUMERDI, INDOREMP 452010 IN
vi)	Whether listed company :	Listed
vii)	Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any	M/s. Link Intime India Private Limited C 101, 247 Park, L B S Marg, Vikhroli West, Mumbai 400 083.

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated:-

Sl.No.	Name and Description of Main Products/Services	NIC Code of The Product/service	% of total turnover of the company
1	Testing Laboratories	93 Other Service Activities.	100%

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

Sl.No.	Name and Address of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary /Associate	% of shares held	Applicable Section
1	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

i) Category-wise Share Holding

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year (As on 01st April 2019)				No. of Shares held at the end of the year (As on 31st March, 2020)				% Change during the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
A. Promoters									
(1) Indian									
a) Individual/ HUF	1891754	Nil	1891754	27.16	1892754	Nil	1892754	27.17	0.01
b) Central Govt	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
c) State Govt(s)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
d) Bodies Corp.	300000	Nil	300000	4.31	300000	Nil	300000	4.31	Nil
e) Banks / FI	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
f) Any Other	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Sub-total (A) (1):-	2191754	Nil	2191754	31.47	2192754	Nil	2192754	31.47	0.01

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year (As on 01st April 2019)				No. of Shares held at the end of the year (As on 31st March, 2020)				% Change during the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
(2) Foreign									
a) NRIs - Individuals	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
b) Other- Individuals	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
c) Bodies Corp.	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
d) Banks / FI	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
e) Any Other	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Sub-total (A) (2):-	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total shareholding of Promoter (A) = (A)(1)+(A)(2)	2191754	Nil	2191754	31.47	2192754	Nil	2192754	31.47	Nil
B. Public Shareholding									
1. Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
b) Banks / FI	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
c) Central Govt	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
d) State Govt(s)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
e) Venture Capital Funds	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
f) Insurance Companies	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
g) FIIs	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
i) Others (specify)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Sub-total (B)(1):-	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
2. Non-Institutions									
i) Bodies Corp.	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
ii) NIR & OBC	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
iii) Clearing Member									
b) Individuals									
i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs. 2 lakh	1405836	827015	2232851	32.06	1466492	768515	2235007	32.08	0.06
ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs 2 lakh	1789586	125800	1915386	27.50	1785667	125800	1911467	27.44	(.06)
c) Others (specify)	414272	210,000	624,272	8.95	416035	210000	626035	8.98	0.03
Sub-total (B)(2):-	3609694	1162815	4772509	68.52	3668194	1104315	4772509	68.52	
Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+ (B)(2)	3609694	1162815	4772509	68.52	3668194	1104315	4772509	68.52	0
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Grand Total (A+B+C)	5802448	1162815	6965263	100	5860948	1104315	6965263	100	0

Shareholding of Promoters

S.No.	Shareholder's Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year			Share holding at the end of the year			% change in share holding during the year
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged/ encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged/ encumbered to total shares	
1	Sunil Choksi	523192	7.51	Nil	523192	7.51	Nil	Nil
2	Vyangesh Choksi	447099	6.42	Nil	447099	6.42	Nil	Nil
3.	D.G. Choksi HUF (Karta Sunil Kumar Choksi)	400000	5.74	Nil	400000	5.74	Nil	Nil
4.	Khyati Choksi	301263	4.33	Nil	301263	4.33	Nil	Nil
5.	Choksi Holding Company Private Limited	300000	4.31	Nil	300000	4.31	Nil	Nil
6.	Stela Choksi	220200	3.16	Nil	220200	3.16	Nil	Nil
7.	Himika Choksi	Nil	Nil	Nil	1000	0.01	Nil	0.01
	Total	2191754	31.47	Nil	2192754	31.48	Nil	0.01

(ii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)

Sl.No.	Name of Transferor	No. of Shares at the beginning of the year	% of total shares of the company	Date	Increase/ Decrease in Shareholding	Reason	Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
							No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company
1	Nil	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	-	Nil	Nil
	Nil	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	-	Nil	Nil

(iii) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs)

Sl.No.	Name	Shareholding		Increase/ Decrease in Shareholding	Reason	Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
		No. of Shares at the beginning of the year	% of total shares of the company			No. of Shares	% of total share of the company
1	Pratap Singh Hardia	243000	3.48	Nil	Nil	243000	3.48
2	Dheeraj Kumar Lohia	192125	2.27	53588	Buy	207984	2.99
3	Gaurav Anand	200000	2.87	Nil	Nil	200000	2.87
4	Shantanu Trivedi	150000	2.15	Nil	Nil	150000	2.15
5	Timsy Kapoor	150000	2.15	Nil	Nil	150000	2.15
6	QuestLaboratoriesPvt.Ltd.	142200	2.04	Nil	Nil	142200	2.04
7	Lucky Fofriya	100000	1.44	Nil	Nil	100000	1.44
8	Purshottam Gupta	100000	1.44	Nil	Nil	100000	1.44
9	Sanjay Munje	83435	1.19	Nil	Nil	83635	1.20
10	Alka Jain	75000	1.07	Nil	Nil	75000	1.07
	Total	1239596	17.78	196364	-	1435960	20.59

(iv) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

Sl.No.	Name	Shareholding		Date	Increase/ Decrease in Shareholding	Reason	Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
		No. of Shares at the beginning of the year	% of total shares of the company				No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company
1	Sunil Choksi	523192	7.51	Nil	Nil	Nil	523192	7.51
2	Vyangesh Choksi	447099	6.42	Nil	Nil	Nil	447099	6.42
3	Stela Choksi	220200	3.16	Nil	Nil	Nil	220200	3.16
4	Sudarshan Shastri	400	0.006	Nil	Nil	Nil	400	0.006
5	Himik aChoksi	1000	0.01	Nil	Nil	Nil	1000	0.01
	Total	1190891	17.096	-	1000	-	1191891	17.106

I. INDEBTEDNES OF THE COMPANY INCLUDING INTEREST OUTSTANDING/ ACCRUED BUT NOT DUE FOR PAYMENT AS ON 31ST MARCH 2020

	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	140,509,349.24	15,474,999.29	NIL	155,984,348.53
ii) Interest due but not paid	77,355.00	NIL	NIL	77355.00
iii) Interest accrued but not due.	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Total (i+ii+iii)	140,586,704.00	15,474,999.00	NIL	156,061,703.00
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year				
• Addition	169558559.57	8,800,000.00	NIL	178,358,559.57
• Reduction	31,387,085.39	13,100,000.00	NIL	44,487,085.39
Net Change				
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year	138,171,474.00	(4,300,000.00)	NIL	133,871,474.18
i) Principal Amount			NIL	
ii) Interest due but not paid	278,758,178.00	11,175,000	NIL	289,933,178.00
iii) Interest accrued but not due	456,615.00	NIL	NIL	456,615
Total (i+ii+iii)	279,214,793.00	11,175,000.00	NIL	290,389,792.00

II. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL**A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:**

Sl.No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/WTD/Manager				Total Amount
		Suil Choksi	Stela Choksi	Vyangesh Choksi	Himika Choksi	
1.	Gross salary					
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in Section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	34,30,000	23,80,000	29,40,000	26,70,000	1,14,20,000
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-	-
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under Section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-	-
2.	Stock Option	-	-	-	-	-
3.	Sweat Equity	-	-	-	-	-
4.	Commission - as % of profit - Others, specify...	-	-	-	-	-
5.	Others, please specify	-	-	-	-	-
	Total (A)	34,30,000	23,80,000	29,40,000	26,70,000	1,14,20,000
	Ceiling as per the Act	As per Schedule V.				

B. Remuneration to other directors:

Sl.No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Directors				Total Amount
		Sudarshan Shastri	Ratnesh Sadoriya	Mayank Pandey	N. K. Mani	
1.	Independent Directors					
	• Fee for attending board committee Meetings	45000	-	-	45000	90000
	• Commission	-	-	-	-	-
	• Others, please specify	-	-	-	-	-
	Total (1)	45000	-	-	45000	45000
2.	Other Non-Executive Directors					
	• Fee for attending board committee meetings	-	-	-	-	-
	• Commission	-	-	-	-	-
	• Others, please specify	-	-	-	-	-
	Total (2)	-	-	-	-	-
	Total (B)=(1+2)	45000			45000	90000
	Total	45000			45000	90000
	Managerial					

C. *Remuneration To Key Managerial Personnel Other Than MD/Manager/WTD :*

Sl.No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Managerial Personnel			Total Amount
		CEO	Company Secretary	CFO	
1.	Gross salary				
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in Section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	Not Applicable	3,63,032	0.00	3,63,032
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	Not Applicable	Nil	Nil	Nil
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under Section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961	Not Applicable	Nil	Nil	Nil
2.	Stock Option	Not Applicable	Nil	Nil	Nil
3.	Sweat Equity	Not Applicable	Nil	Nil	Nil
4.	Commission - as % of profit - Others, specify...	Not Applicable	Nil	Nil	Nil
5.	Others, please specify	Not Applicable	Nil	Nil	Nil
	Total	Not Applicable	3,63,032	0.00	3,63,032

III. PENALTIES/PUNISHMENT/COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES :

Type	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]	Appeal made, if any (give Details)
A. COMPANY					
Penalty	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Punishment	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Compounding	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
B. DIRECTORS					
Penalty	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Punishment	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Compounding	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
C. OTHER OFFICERS IN DEFAULT					
Penalty	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Punishment	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Compounding	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of Choksi Laboratories Limited

Report on the Audit of the financial statements

Opinion

1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Choksi Laboratories Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").
2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian accounting standards prescribed under section 133 of principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2020, and loss (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Emphasis of Matter

4. We draw attention to Note 42 of the financial statements, which describes that balance Confirmation from the suppliers, customers as well as to various loans or advances given have been called for but the same are awaited till the date of Audit. Thus the balances of receivable, Trade Payable as well as Loan & Advances have been taken as per Books of Accounts submitted by the Company and are subject to confirmation from the respective parties. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

5. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion on these matters, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.
6. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements

The key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
A) Information Technology (IT) System & Control Impacting Financial Reporting	
The IT Environment of the Company is complex & involves a large number of Independent & Inter Dependent IT System used in the operation of the Company for processing and recording a long volume of Transaction at numerous location. As a result there is a high degree of reliance & dependency on such IT System for the Financial Reporting Process of the Company. Appropriate IT General control and application are requested to ensure that such IT System are able to process the data, as required completely, accurately and consistently for reliable Financial Reporting. The accuracy & reliability of the Financial Reporting Process depends on the IT System and the related control environment including	In assessing the integrity of the IT System we involved our IT Expert to obtain an understanding of the IT Infrastructure & IT System relevant to the Company's Financial Reporting Process of evaluation and testing of IT general control and IT Automated Control exist in such IT System. We also assessed the operating effectiveness of control over removal and periodical review of access right. We further tested segregation of duties including preventive control to ensure that access to change application on the operating system or database in the Production Environment were granted only to the authorized persons. We also evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of key automated control within various business processes. This included testing the irregularity of the system interfaces the completeness and accuracy of data feeded and automated calculation.
1. IT general control over use access management and change management accrued application network database and operating system.	

IT Automated application control. Due to the importance of the impact of the IT System and related control environment on the Company's Financial Reporting Process we have identified testing of such IT System and related control environment as a key Audit Matter for the Current Year Audit.	
b) Allowances for credit losses	
The Company determines the allowance for credit losses based on historical loss experience adjusted to reflect current and estimated future economic conditions. The Company considered current and anticipated future economic conditions and has taken into account estimates of possible effect from the pandemic relating to COVID - 19. We identified allowance for credit losses as a key audit matter because the Company exercises significant judgment in calculating the expected credit losses	Our audit procedures related to the allowance for credit losses for trade receivables included the following, among others: We tested the effectiveness of controls over the (1) development of the methodology for the allowance for credit losses, including consideration of the current and estimated future economic conditions (2) completeness and accuracy of information used in the estimation of probability of default and (3) Computation of the allowance for credit losses. We tested the mathematical accuracy and Computation of the allowances by using the same input data used by the Company. As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analyzed.
c) Provisions & Contingent Liabilities.	
As at 31st March 2020, the Company has Guarantees issued by the Bank on behalf of the company. In accordance with Accounting Criteria set under Indian Accounting Standard 37 – Provision Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets significant degree of Management Judgment is involved in determining whether an obligation exists and whether a provision should be recognized as at the reporting date or it needs to be disclosed as Contingent liability. Further Significant Judgments are also involved in measuring such obligations the most significant of which are assessment of liability. Judgment is involved in the determination of whether any outflow in respect of identified material matters are probable and can be estimated reliably. Adequacy of Provision, appropriateness of assumption and judgment used in the estimation of significant provision, adequacy of disclosure of provision for liabilities and Contingent Liabilities, considering the significance of the above matter to the Financial Statement and significant Auditor's attention required to test such estimate, we have identified this as a key Audit matter for Current Year Audit.	Our Audit Procedure tested the design and operating effectiveness, key control over the estimation, monitoring and disclosure of Provisions and contingent liabilities. Bank has issued guarantee of amount Rs. 19.50 lacs on behalf of company.
d) Ind AS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment & Ind AS 36 Impairment of assets (See Note –I Point A) of the significant accounting policies to the financial statements.	
The carrying amount of PPE represents 47.68% of the total assets of the company. The values in use of these PPE have been	In view of the significance of the matter our procedures in this area included the following :

determined based on certain assumptions and estimates of future performance. The value in use so determined of each Cash Generating Unit (CGU) identified by the management has been used for the impairment evaluation of the PPE. Due to the significance of the value of the PPE, the inherent uncertainty and judgment involved in forecasting performance and the estimates involved in discounting future cash flows, we have considered these estimates to be significant to our overall audit strategy and planning.	• Testing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key controls over the impairment review process including the review and approval of forecasts and review of valuation models; • Assessing the valuation methodology used by management and testing the mechanical accuracy of the impairment models; • Evaluating the reasonableness of the valuation assumptions, such as discount rates, used by management through reference to external market data; • Challenging the appropriateness of the business assumptions used by management, such as sales growth and the probability of success of new products; • Evaluating the past performances where relevant and assessing historical accuracy of the forecast produced by management; • Enquiring with respect to and challenging the management on the commercial strategy associated with the products to ensure that it was consistent with the assumptions used in estimating future cash flows; • Considering whether events or transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date but before the reporting date affect the conclusions reached on the carrying values of the assets and associated disclosures; • Performing sensitivity analysis of key assumptions, including future revenue growth rates, costs and the discount rates applied in the valuation models; • Evaluating the adequacy of the disclosures made in the financial statements.
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Information other than the financial statements and Auditor's Report thereon

7. The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the Financial Statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Other matters

8. The drop in revenue is attributed due to multiple licenses / approvals that two of the units undergoing shift to new location are pending technical audit / approval / certification from competent authorities as well as self revocation of US FDA FEI number as informed on 30th September 2019 to the Bombay Stock exchange Limited thereafter USFDA has given us EIR on 25/11/2019 under VAI Category for same place to the company.

"The exceptional item represents the amount incurred of Rs. 243.07 Lacs (P.Y. - Rs. NIL) towards consultancy charges paid to consultant out of which Rs. 228.32 Lacs paid to US Consultant and Rs.14.74 lacs paid to Indian consultant because company was audited by International Regulatory bodies (US FDA) in Sep 2019 . Based on the observation as a precautionary measure Company engaged consultants for submission of remediation plan to the agencies which assisted in early resolution. The expense for the same has been attributed to exceptional item"

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Management's Responsibility for the financial statements

9. The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the companies (Indian Accounting Standards) rules 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
10. In preparing the financial statements, management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Board of Directors and management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements

11. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
12. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
13. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit
14. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
15. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our

auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

16. The Balance Sheet and the Profit & Loss Account have been drawn up in accordance with the provision of Section 133 of the Act read with rule 7 of the Companies Rules, 2014 (as amended).
17. As required by the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
18. With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditors' Report under section 197(16), we report that, In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the current year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 read with schedule V of the Act.
19. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B" to this report.
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at 31 March 2020 on its financial position in its Financial Statements
 - ii. The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long term contracts— Refer Note- 17 and 20 to the financial statements;
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the investor education & protection fund by the company.

For SUBHASH CHAND JAIN ANURAG & ASSOCIATES
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
FRN-004733C

Date: 30th July, 2020
Place: Indore

(S.C. JAIN)
PARTNER
M.NO. 072062
UDIN- 20072062AAAABO3089

ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 15, under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our Report of even date)

1. In respect of its fixed assets:

- The Company is in the process of updating the fixed assets register for addition made during the year. It has generally maintained records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment. However the same need to be fully reconciled pending updation of records.
- As explained to us, all items of property, plant and equipment have been physically verified by the management in a phased periodical manner, which in our opinion is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. Further company is in process of reconciling the same with the fixed assets register and we are informed by the management that based on the reconciliation being performed discrepancies, if any are not likely to be material.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and the record examined by us and based on the examination of the conveyance deeds provided to us, we report that, the title deeds, comprising of the immovable properties of land and building which are free hold and lease hold, are in the name of the company as at the balance sheet dated except the under noted properties whose title have not been still conveyed in the name of the company having total carrying value of Rs. 275.22 Lacs as at 31.03.2020.

Sr.No.	Description of the property	Status of ownership	Carrying value	Remark
1.	Free Hold Land situated at 4/3, Manoramaganj, Indore	Title of the land in the name of director Shri Sunil Kumar Choksi S/o. Dhansukh bhai Choksi.	10,00,000/-	But recorded in the books
2.	Premises located at 4/3, Manoramaganj, Indore	Title of the premise informed as in the name of director and yet not registered in the name of the Company.	76,14,115/-	But recorded in the books
3.	Premised located at Plot No. 32 at Vibrant Industrial Park GIDC, Vapi, Gujarat	Title of premises is in the name of Directors, which is then leased in the name of company but the lease deed is not registered.	1,89,07,660/-	Recorded in the books as Deferred Lease Assets & accounted on fair market value as per Ind AS Rs. 1,89,07,660/- being lease period is 10 years.

2. Inventory

According to the information and explanation furnished by the management which has been relied upon by us the inventories have been physically verified during the year by the Management at reasonable intervals and no material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification.

3. Loan given by company

According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in during the year.

4. Loan to directors and investment by the company

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to Director of the and The Company does not have any current and non-current Investment during the year.

5. Deposits

According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits under sections 73 & 76 or any other relevant provision of companies act ("the act") and the rule framed there under. Therefore, the provisions of Clause (v) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

6. Cost records

The Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records to the company pursuant to the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, as amended by sub section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.

7. Statutory dues

- According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income tax, Goods & Service Tax, Customs Duty, Cess and other material statutory dues which have remained outstanding as at 31st March 2020 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable. According to the books of accounts and records examined by us and according to generally accepted auditing practices in India, in our opinion, the company has been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no Statutory dues which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2020 on account of disputes. except

Particulars	Period related	Amount (in Rs.)	Forum where dispute is pending
TDS DEMAND	A.Y. 2014-15	108000/-	CIT (A) on 15.03.2020 vide Ack. No. 434456621150319

8. Repayments of loans

According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to financial institutions or banks. The Company does not have any loans from Government and has not issued any debentures during the year.

9. Utilization of funds

During the year, The Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). The Term Loans availed were applied for the purposes for which they are obtained.

10. Reporting of frauds

According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud on or by the Company has been noticed or reported during the year under audit.

11. Approvals of managerial remuneration

According to the information and explanations give to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has paid / provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.

12. Nidhi company

In our opinion, the company is not a chit fund or a Nidhi mutual benefit fund/society. Therefore, the provisions of clause (xii) of Para 3 of the said order are not applicable to the company.

13. Related party transaction

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

14. Private Placement or preferential allotment

According to the information and explanations give to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year

15. Non cash transaction

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into noncash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him.

16. Registration of Reserve Bank of India (RBI) act 1934

The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

For SUBHASH CHAND JAIN ANURAG & ASSOCIATES
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
FRN-004733C

Date: 30th July, 2020
Place: Indore

(S.C. JAIN)
PARTNER
M.NO. 072062
UDIN- 20072062AAAABO3089

ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 17 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date)

REPORT ON THE INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING UNDER CLAUSE (i) OF SUB SECTION 3 OF SECTION 143 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ("THE ACT")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Choksi Laboratories Limited** ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the separate Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on audit of Internal financial controls over financial reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing issued by ICAI and deemed to have been prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal financial controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

MEANING OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Ind AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the company's assets that could have material effect on the financial statements.

INHERENT LIMITATIONS OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

OPINION

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting issued by the institute of chartered accountants of India ("ICAI").

**For SUBHASH CHAND JAIN ANURAG & ASSOCIATES
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
FRN-004733C**

**Date: 30th July, 2020
Place: Indore**

**(S.C. JAIN)
PARTNER
M.NO. 072062
UDIN- 20072062AAAABO3089**

CHOKSI LABORATORIES LIMITED**SURVEY NO 9/1, NEAR TULSIYANA INDUSTRIAL PARK, GRAM KUMERDI, INDORE****(ERSTWHILE REGD OFF :- 6/3, MANORAMAGANJ, INDORE (M.P.))****CIN: L85195MP1993PLC007471****BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st March' 2020**

PARTICULARS	NOTES	As at 31st March 2020	As at 31st March 2019
<u>I ASSETS</u>			
1. Non-current assets			
(a) Property plant and equipment	2	309,951,821	314,175,673
(b) Capital Work-in-Progress	3	130,587,944	32,261,753
(c) Right-of-use assets	4	19,438,993	30,933,234
(d) Intangible assets	5	1,410,945	2,962,625
(e) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments		-	-
(ii) Loans		-	-
(iii) Other Financial Assets	6	5,376,217	4,823,741
(f) Deferred tax Asset (Net)	7	13,794,343	-
(g) Other Non-current assets	8	4,064,946	5,285,572
Total Non-Current assets		484,625,209	390,442,598
Current assets			
(a) Inventories	9	1,770,414	4,055,146
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments		-	-
(ii) Trade receivables	10	69,887,478	87,917,813
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	11	4,255,604	2,265,021
(iv) Loans			
(v) Other Financial Assets	6	2,089,442	1,471,063
(c) Other Current Assets	12	87,445,929	67,300,898
Total Current assets		165,448,868	163,009,941
Total Assets		650,074,077	553,452,539
<u>II EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</u>			
1. Equity			
(a) Equity Share capital	13	69,652,630	69,652,630
(b) Other Equity	14	132,551,115	170,439,258
Total Equity		202,203,745	240,091,888
2. Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Long Term Borrowings	15	273,563,840	140,046,442
(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	16	19,065,829	27,558,702
(b) Provisions	17	10,445,645	7,054,036
(c) Deferred tax Liabilities (Net)	7	-	3,941,771
Total non-current liabilities		303,075,314	178,600,951
Current liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	18	24,886,181	11,151,888
(ii) Trade payables	19	64,238,910	71,499,656
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	16	17,985,372	19,312,438
(b) Provisions	20	23,699,761	23,109,674
(c) Other Current liabilities	21	13,984,794	9,686,045
Total current liabilities		144,795,018	134,759,700
Total Liabilities		447,870,332	313,360,652
Total Equity and Liabilities		650,074,077	553,452,539

See accompanying Notes forming Part of the Financial Statements : Notes 1 to 52

For Subhash Chand Jain Anurag & Associates

In terms of our Report Attached

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 004733C

(S.C. Jain)

Partner

M.No.:072062

UDIN:-20072062AAAAB03089

Place : Indore

Date : 30/07/2020

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

CHOKSI LABORATORIES LIMITED

CIN: L85195MP1993PLC007471

Sunil Choksi

(Managing Director)

DIN 00155078

Vyangesh Choksi

(Whole time Director &
Chief financial officer)

DIN-00154926

Mrs. Stela Choksi

(Whole time Director)

DIN-00155043

Sanjay Chourey

(Company Secretary)

M. No. 55253

CHOKSI LABORATORIES LIMITED

SURVEY NO 9/1, NEAR TULSIYANA INDUSTRIAL PARK, GRAM KUMERDI, INDORE

(ERSTWHILE REGD OFF :- 6/3, MANORAMAGANJ, INDORE (M.P.))

CIN: L85195MP1993PLC007471**STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st March, 2020**

PARTICULARS	NOTES	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
I) INCOME			
Revenue from operations			
Supply of Services	22	₹ 281,590,932	₹ 337,463,078
Total Revenue from operations		₹ 281,590,932	₹ 337,463,078
Other Income	23	₹ 2,869,369	₹ 2,367,767
Other Gain/(Loss)	24	₹ 418,340	₹ 89,632
Total Income (I)		₹ 284,878,640	₹ 339,920,477
II) EXPENSES			
Cost of Material Consumed	25	₹ 32,432,171	₹ 39,461,366
Employee Benefits Expense	26	₹ 128,386,390	₹ 126,498,697
Finance Costs	27	₹ 18,908,919	₹ 15,372,445
Depreciation / Amortisation and Depletion Expense	2	₹ 45,634,515	₹ 36,787,218
Other Expenses	28	₹ 92,353,618	₹ 98,853,560
Total Expenses (II)		₹ 317,715,613	₹ 316,973,286
Profit/(loss) before exceptional items & tax (I-II)		₹ -32,836,972	₹ 22,947,191
Exceptional Items	29	₹ 24,306,608	₹ -
III) Profit Before Tax		₹ -57,143,580	₹ 22,947,191
IV) Tax Expenses			
Current Tax	30	₹ -	₹ 7,303,690
Deferred Tax	30	₹ -18,294,703	₹ -358,943
V) Profit for the Year		₹ -38,848,877	₹ 16,002,444
VI) Other comprehensive income:			
Items that will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss			
Actuarial Gain on defined benefit plans recognised in accordance with IND AS-19		₹ 2,148,419	₹ 121,073
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss (Previous Year)	30.1	₹ -558,589	₹ -33,356
Items that will be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss			
Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to Statement of Profit & loss		-	-
VII) Total comprehensive income for the year		₹ -37,259,047	₹ 16,090,161
VIII) Earnings per equity share of face value of RS 10 each	31		
Basic (in RS)		₹ -5.58	₹ 2.30
Diluted (in RS)		₹ -5.58	₹ 2.30
See accompanying Notes forming part of Financial Statements : Notes 1 to 52			

AS PER OUR REPORT OF EVEN DATE

For Subhash Chand Jain Anurag & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 004733C

For and on behalf of Board of Directors
Choksi Laboratories Limited
CIN: L85195MP1993PLC007471

(S.C. Jain)
Partner
M.No.:072062
UDIN:-20072062AAAA03089
Place : Indore
Date : 30/07/2020

Sunil Choksi
(Managing Director)
DIN 00155078

Vyangesh Choksi
(Whole time Director &
Chief financial officer)
DIN-00154926

Mrs. Stela Choksi
(Whole time Director)
DIN-00155043

Sanjay Chourey
(Company Secretary)
M. No. 55253

CHOKSI LABORATORIES LIMITED
SURVEY NO 9/1, NEAR TULSIYANA INDUSTRIAL PARK, GRAM KUMERDI, INDORE
(ERSTWHILE REGD OFF :- 6/3, MANORAMAGANJ, INDORE (M.P.))

CIN: L85195MP1993PLC007471

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2020

EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

Balance at the beginning of the reporting period i.e. 1st April 2019	Changes in equity of the reporting period i.e. year 2019-20	Balance at the end of the reporting period i.e. 31st March 2020
₹ 69,652,630	₹ -	₹ 69,652,630

OTHER EQUITY

	Reserves and Surplus			Other Comprehensive	Total
	Capital Reserve	Retained Earning	security premium reserve		
As On 31 March 2020					
Balance At The Beginning Of The Reporting Period I.E. 1st April 2019	₹ 2,005,500	₹ 155,689,167	₹ 13,510,478	₹ -765,887	₹ 170,439,258
Profit & Loss for the year		₹ -38,848,877		₹ -	₹ -38,848,877
Transition impact on adoption of Ind AS 116		₹ -629,095		₹ -	₹ -629,095
Total Comprehensive Income For The Year		₹ -		₹ 1,589,830	₹ 1,589,830
Balance At The End Of The Reporting Period 31st March 2020	₹ 2,005,500	₹ 116,211,194	₹ 13,510,478	₹ 823,943	₹ 132,551,115

For Subhash Chand Jain Anurag & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 004733C

For and on behalf of Board of Directors
Choksi Laboratories Limited
CIN: L85195MP1993PLC007471

(S.C. Jain)
Partner
M.No.:072062
UDIN:-20072062AAAA03089

Sunil Choksi
(Managing Director)
DIN 00155078

Mrs. Stela Choksi
(Whole time Director)
DIN-00155043

Place : Indore
Date : 30/07/2020

Vyngesh Choksi
(Whole time Director &
Chief financial officer)
DIN-00154926

Sanjay Chourey
(Company Secretary)
M. No. 55253

CHOKSI LABORATORIES LIMITED
SURVEY NO 9/1, NEAR TULSIYANA INDUSTRIAL PARK, GRAM KUMERDI, INDORE
 (ERSTWHILE REGD OFF :- 6/3, MANORAMAGANJ, INDORE (M.P.))
CIN: L85195MP1993PLC007471

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2020

Particulars	For Year ended 31st March 2020	For Year ended 31st March 2019
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before income tax	(57,143,580)	22,947,190
Adjustments for		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	45,634,515	36,787,218
Other Comprehensive Income	2,148,419	121,073
SOCE Adjustments	-	39,873
Loss/ (Gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	7,024,983	(7,217)
Interest Received	(2,869,369)	(2,367,767)
Finance costs	18,908,919	15,372,445
Operating Profit before working Capital Changes	13,703,887	72,892,815
Adjustments for :		
(Increase)/Decrease in trade receivables	18,030,334	10,846,343
(Increase) in inventories	2,284,732	(1,160,256)
Increase in trade payables	(7,260,746)	15,027,966
(Increase) in other financial assets	(1,170,855)	(1,116,917)
(Increase)/decrease in other non-current assets	1,220,626	8,609
(Increase)/decrease in other current assets	(9,431,870)	(5,001,289)
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	590,087	128,845
Increase in employee benefit obligations (Gratuity)	3,391,609	5,996,502
Increase/ (decrease) in Working Capital Limits	13,734,293	6,187,479
Increase in other current liabilities	4,298,749	(4,103,223)
Cash generated from operations	39,390,846	99,706,875
Income taxes paid/(refunds) Net	10,713,161	30,655,813
Net cash inflow from operating activities	28,677,685	69,051,062
Cash flows from investing activities		
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(14,356,277)	(65,150,508)
Payments for Capital Work In Progress	(125,593,460)	(32,261,753)
Payments for software development costs	(528,146)	(2,571,494)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	-	13,000
Interest received	2,869,369	2,367,767
Net cash outflow from investing activities	(137,608,514)	(97,602,988)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from LT borrowings	169,381,814	78,842,213
Repayment of borrowings	(35,434,986)	(42,155,228)
Interest paid	(18,908,919)	(15,372,445)
Payments of Lease Obligations	(4,116,497)	
Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities	110,921,412	21,314,540
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,990,583	(7,237,386)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year	2,265,021	9,502,407
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	4,255,604	2,265,021

1. The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the Indirect Method as set out in Ind AS 7 Statement of Cash Flow.
 2. Figures for the Previous Year have been re-arranged and re-grouped wherever necessary to confirmation with the Current year classification.

See accompanying Notes forming part of the Financial Statements.
 AS PER OUR REPORT OF EVEN DATE

For Subhash Chand Jain Anurag & Associates
 Chartered Accountants
 FRN: 004733C

(S.C. Jain)
 Partner
 M.No.:072062
 UDIN:-20072062AAAA03089

Place : Indore
 Date : 30th July, 2020

For and on behalf of Board of Directors
CHOKSI LABORATORIES LIMITED
 CIN: L85195MP1993PLC007471

Vyanges Choksi
 Chief Finance Officer
 & Whole time director
 DIN-00154926

Sunil Choksi
 Managing Director
 DIN 00155078

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AT 31ST MARCH 2020**NOTE NO. 1- DESCRIPTION OF THE COMPANY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES****I. CORPORATE INFORMATION**

- Choksi Laboratories Limited (the Company), incorporated on 29/01/1993 under the Companies Act, 1956 provides contract testing and analytical services. The Company analyzes, for its clients, or as a regulatory requirement pharmaceuticals, food and agricultural products, construction materials, chemicals, Calibration and environment Monitoring services.
- The company is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India. The address of its registered and corporate office is shifted to Survey No 9/1, Near Tulsiyana Industrial Park, Gram Kumerdi, Indore- 452010, Madhya Pradesh, India. from 6/3, Manoramaganj, Indore-452001 (M.P.) vide through board meeting held on 30th July, 2020. The Company's equity shares are listed at BSE.
- The company is certified by BIS (Bureau of Indian Standards), FDA (Food and Drugs control Administration), U.S. Food & Drug administer. MOEF (Ministry of Environment & Forests), State Pollution Control Boards (Gujarat and Madhya Pradesh State Pollution Control Boards), Department of Health (Madhya Pradesh), Agricultural Marketing Advisor (AGMARK – Government of India), and several other regulatory bodies.
- The company has also been accredited by NABL (National Accreditation Board for testing & calibration Laboratories). This is internationally recognized through ILAC (International Laboratories Accreditation Committee) and is based on ISO/IEC 17025 guidelines.
- Since its incorporation, the company has led the industry with innovative business practices. This is the first company :
 - To develop Vendor Assessment program in the Edible Oil extraction industry.
 - To start water and soil analysis in Central India, and
 - To start instrument calibration services for organizations that were targeting ISO certification or had already achieved it.

II. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**(A) Statement of Compliance:**

These financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 March 2020 comply in all material aspects with the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and as amended from time to time.

These financial statements have been prepared by the Company as a going concern on the basis of relevant Ind AS that are effective or elected for early adoption at the Company's annual reporting date, 31 March 2020. These financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Company's Board of Directors on 30th July 2020

(B) Basis Of Measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis, except for the following material items in the balance sheet:

- financial assets are measured either at fair value or at amortized cost depending on the classification;
- Right-of-use the assets are recognised at the present value of lease payments that are not paid at that date. This amount is adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, lease incentives received and initial direct costs, incurred, if any. Also, as per notification issued by MCA on 24th July, 2020 impact of COVID 19 related rent concessions has been given by retrospectively recognizing the cumulative effect of initially applying that amendment as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings (or other component of equity, as appropriate) at the beginning of the annual reporting period i.e. 1 April, 2019.
- Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market

participants at the measurement date. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current and non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle.

(C) Current and Non-current classification:

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 and Ind AS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements.

Assets:

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) it is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the Company's normal operating cycle;
- b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c) it is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- d) it is cash or a cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Liabilities:

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) it is expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c) it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- d) the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Based on the nature of services rendered to customers and time elapsed between deployment of resources and the realization in cash and cash equivalents of the consideration for such services rendered, the Company has considered an operating cycle of 12 months

Current assets and liabilities include the current portion of non-current assets and liabilities respectively. All other assets and liabilities are classified as non-current. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are always disclosed as non-current.

D. Functional and presentation currency:

These financial statements are presented in Indian rupees, which is the functional currency of the parent company.

E. Cash flow statement:

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Statement of Cash Flows is prepared in accordance with the Indirect Method prescribed in the Indian Accounting Standard-7 "Statement of Cash Flows"

F. Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures as at date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses for the years presented. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the

estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The Management has considered the possible effects of Global Pandemic COVID-19 while preparing the financial statements.

i) Revenue Recognition

The Company's contracts with customers include promises to provide services to the customers. Judgement is required to determine the transaction price for the contract. The transaction price could be either a fixed amount of customer consideration or variable consideration with elements such as schemes, incentives and cash discounts, among others. The estimated amount of variable consideration is adjusted in the transaction price only to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur and is reassessed at the end of each reporting period.

Estimates of rebates and discounts are sensitive to changes in circumstances and the Company's past experience regarding returns and rebate entitlements may not be representative of customers' actual returns and rebate entitlements in the future.

Costs to obtain a contract are generally expensed as incurred. The assessment of these criteria requires the application of judgement, in particular when considering if costs generate or enhance resources to be used to satisfy future performance obligations and whether costs are expected to be recovered

ii) Depreciation / amortisation and useful lives of property plant and equipment / intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment / intangible assets are depreciated / amortised over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account estimated residual value. Management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation / amortisation to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives and residual values are based on the Company's historical experience with similar assets and take into account anticipated technological changes. The depreciation / amortisation for future periods is revised if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

iii) Recoverability of trade receivable

Judgements are required in assessing the recoverability of overdue trade receivables and determining whether a provision against those receivables is required. Factors considered include the credit rating of the counterparty, the amount and timing of anticipated future payments and any possible actions that can be taken to mitigate the risk of non-payment.

iv) Provisions

Provisions and liabilities are recognized in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events and the amount of cash outflow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability requires the application of judgment to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change. The carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and revised to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

v) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses the chances of an asset getting impaired on each reporting date. If any indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or Cash Generating Units (CGU's) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or a group of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account, if no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

vi) Impairment of financial assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected cash loss rates. The Company uses judgment in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires the management of the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expense for the periods presented.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected.

Key sources of estimation of uncertainty at the date of the financial statements, which may cause a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are in respect of impairment of investments, useful lives of property, plant and equipment, valuation of deferred tax assets and fair value measurement of financial instruments, these are discussed below. Key sources of estimation of uncertainty in respect of revenue recognition, employee benefits and provisions and contingent liabilities have been discussed in their respective policies.

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**A. Property, plant and equipment****(i) Recognition and measurement**

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost of acquisition, net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated depreciation / amortization (other than land) and impairment losses. Such costs includes purchase price, borrowing cost, taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from tax authorities) , duties, freight and any cost directly attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the assets.

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure incurred such as repairs and maintenance, are normally charged to the statement of profit and loss in the period in which the costs are incurred. Major inspection and overhauling expenditure is capitalized, if the recognition criteria are met. The policy of the company is that subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the items will flow to the entity and the cost of the same can be measured reliably.

(iii) Replacement of significant part of asset

When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in the statement of profit and loss as incurred.

(iv) Disposal of Property, Plant or Equipment

Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipments are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, and are recognized net within other income/other expenses in statement of profit and loss.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit and loss, when the asset is derecognized.

(v) Expenses incurred relating to project, net of income earned during the project development stage prior to its intended use, are considered as pre-operative expenses and disclosed under Capital Work- in-Progress.

- (vi) Provision of decommissioning & restoration & other liabilities are not made.
- (vii) Property plant and equipment has been shown as gross amount in the books of accounts due to depreciation there has been credited to depreciation reserve account but in the financial statement said depreciation has been deducted from the Property, Plant and Equipment as their earlier practice.

(viii) Depreciation:

Depreciation on fixed assets is provided on the straight-line method based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Part C of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 or based on estimated useful lives of the assets determined by the management. Each part of an item of Property, Plant & Equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to total cost of the Machine is depreciated separately, if its useful life is different than the life of the Machine.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Depreciation is not recorded on capital work-in-progress until construction and installation is complete and the asset is ready for its intended use.

B. Leases:

On 30 March 2019, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notified Ind AS 116, Leases as part of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)) Amendment Rules, 2019. Ind AS 116 replaces the existing standard on leases i.e. Ind AS 17, Leases effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2019.

The new standard brings most leases on-balance sheet for lessees under a single model, eliminating the distinction between operating and finance leases. Lessor accounting, however, remains largely unchanged and the distinction between operating and finance leases is retained.

Accounting policies relating to leases for periods ending on or after 1 April 2019

The Company's accounting policies relating to leases for periods ending on or after 1 April 2019 are as follows:

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is or contains a lease, which applies if the contract conveys the right to control the use of the identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Company recognises a right-of-use asset at the commencement date of the lease, i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use. Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments to be made over the lease term:

- Fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentive receivable
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date
- amounts expected to be payable by the Company under residual value guarantees
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and
- payment of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the group exercising that option.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the group, then the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used. Such borrowing rate is calculated as the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions. The Company's lease liabilities are included in borrowings.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and interest cost. The interest cost is charged to statement of profit and loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment comprised of following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and vehicles and all leases of low-value assets are recognized on a straight-line basis as an expense in the statement of profit and loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise IT equipment and small items of office furniture.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognized on the balance sheet at cost, which is calculated as the amount of the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability, adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease, any lease incentive received and any initial direct costs incurred by the Company.

Impact of the implementation of Ind AS 116 on the Company:

The Company adopted Ind -AS 116 effective as of 1 April 2019. Ind AS 116, "Leases" changed the financial statements of the Company as the majority of leases for which the Company is the lessee became on-balance sheet liabilities with corresponding right-of-use assets also recognized on the Balance sheet. The lease liability reflects the net present value of the remaining lease payments adjusted for payments made before the commencement date, lease incentives and other items related to the lease agreement, and the right-of-use asset corresponds to the lease liability.

Upon adoption of the new standard, a portion of the annual operating lease costs, which was previously fully recognised as a rental / lease expense, is recorded as interest expense. In addition, the portion of the lease payments which represents the reduction of the lease liability is recognised in the cash flow statement as an outflow from financing activities, which was previously fully recognised as an outflow from operating activities.

The Company implemented the new standard on 1 April 2019, and applied the modified retrospective method, with right-of-use assets measured at an amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of the prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to those leases recognised in the balance sheet immediately before the date of initial application and will not restate prior years.

The Company elected to use the transition practical expedient that allows the standard to be applied only to contracts previously identified under Ind AS 17, "Leases" and the contracts assessed using the guidance available under Appendix – C to Ind AS 17, "Determining Whether an Arrangement Contains a Lease".

The Company also elected to use the recognition exemption for lease contracts that, at the commencement date, have a lease term of 12 months or less and do not contain a purchase option ("short-term leases") and lease contracts for which the underlying asset is of low value ("low value assets").

Also, as per notification issued by MCA on 24th July, 2020 impact of COVID 19 related rent concessions has been given by retrospectively recognizing the cumulative effect of initially applying that amendment as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings (or other component of equity, as appropriate) at the beginning of the annual reporting period i.e. 1 April, 2019.

On 1 April 2019, the Company recognized lease liabilities of Rs.3,09,33,234 (presented as part of borrowings) and right-of-use assets of Rs.3,09,33,234 (presented as part of Property, plant and equipment).

Consequently, the Company has recognized an amount of Rs. 4733794 in depreciation expense and Rs. 1720788 in finance costs for the year ended 31 March 2020. The company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for land and buildings.

Adoption of the new standard had no impact upon leases for which the Company is a lessor.

C. Intangible asset

Intangible Assets are stated at cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated amortization /depletion and impairment loss, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing costs, and any cost directly

attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use, net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the intangible assets.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost can be measured reliably

Amortization is recognized in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets. The amortization expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss account in the expense category that is consistent with the function of the intangible asset. Intangible assets that are not available for use are amortized from the date they are available for use.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized.

Intangible assets comprises of computer software. Cost of computer software includes cost such as salary and other expenditure incurred on development of the computer software and is amortized on straight line basis over a period of 10 years, which in management's estimate represents the period during which economic benefits will be derived from their use.

D. Capital work in progress

- i) Expenditure incurred on assets under construction (including a project) is carried at cost under Capital Work-in-Progress. Such costs comprises purchase price of asset including import duties and non-refundable taxes after deducting trade discounts and rebates and costs that are directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.
- ii) Cost directly attributable to projects under construction include expenditure in relation to survey and investigation activities of the projects, cost of site preparation, initial delivery and handling charges, installation and assembly costs, professional fees, expenditure on maintenance and up gradation, among others of common public facilities, depreciation on assets used in construction of project, interest during construction and other costs if attributable to construction of projects. Such costs are accumulated under 'Capital Work-in-Progress' and subsequently allocated on systematic basis over major assets, other than land and infrastructure facilities, on commissioning of projects.
- iii) Capital expenditure incurred for creation of facilities, over which the Company does not have control but the creation of which is essential principally for construction of the project is capitalized and carried under 'Capital work-in-progress' and subsequently allocated on systematic basis over major assets, other than land and infrastructure facilities, on commissioning of projects, keeping in view the 'attributability' and the 'Unit of Measure' concepts in Ind AS 16- 'Property, Plant & Equipment'. Expenditure of such nature incurred after completion of the project, is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss.

E. Borrowing costs

- i) Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the asset. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use.
- ii) Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.
- iii) All other borrowing costs are expenses in the period in which they occur.

F. Inventories

- Items of inventories are measured at lower of cost or realizable value, except obsolescence/ defective products which are valued at net realizable value. Cost of inventories comprises of cost of purchase and other costs including other expenses incurred in bringing them to their respective present location and condition.
- The comparison of cost and the net realizable value is made on an item-by-item basis.
- The cost formulas used are on FIFO basis.

G. Impairment of Non financial assets

- (i) The Company assesses at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that any property, plant and equipment and intangible assets or group of assets, called Cash Generating Units (CGU) may be impaired. If any such indication exists the recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is estimated to determine the extent of impairment, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs. The goodwill on business combinations is tested for impairment annually.
- ii) An impairment loss, if any is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss to the extent, asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets.
- iii) The impairment loss recognized in prior accounting period is reversed if there has been a change in the estimate of recoverable amount.

H. Provisions and contingent liabilities

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Such provisions are determined based on management estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Contingent liabilities are disclosed on the basis of judgment of management. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current management estimates.

Contingent assets are not recognized but are disclosed in the financial statements when inflow of economic benefits is probable.

I. Income taxes

Income tax expenses has not been recognized due to loss recorded during the year. Deferred taxes are recognized in statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity,

- **Deferred income taxes**

Deferred income tax is recognized using the balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount, except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction. Deferred income tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using substantively enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which the temporary differences are expected to be received or settled. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the relevant entity intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets / liabilities.

J. Foreign currency Transactions:

- i) Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency closing rates of exchange at the reporting date.

- ii) Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent of exchange differences which are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on foreign currency borrowings that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets, are capitalised as cost of assets.

K. Employee benefits

• Short term employee benefits

All employee benefits which are payable within twelve months of rendering service are classified as short-term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages, bonus, short term compensated absences and the expected cost of ex-gratia is recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

Employee benefits include short term benefits like salaries and wages which are recognized as an expense in the statement of Profit and Loss of the year in which the related service is rendered.

A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid when there is a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

• Post-Employment Benefits

Defined Contribution Plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Company pays specified contributions to a separate entity. The Company makes specified monthly contributions towards Provident Fund, Superannuation Fund and Pension Scheme. The Company's contribution is recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

Defined Benefits Plans

The cost of the defined benefit plan and other post-employment benefits and the present value of such obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

• Provident Fund

Provident Fund contributions are made to a trust administered by the Trustees. Trust makes investments and settles member's claims. Interest Payable to the members shall not be at a rate lower than the statutory rate. Liability is recognized for any shortfall in the plan assets vis-à-vis actuarially determined liability of the fund obligation.

• Gratuity Plan

The company has a defined gratuity plan. Every employee who has rendered continuous service of 5 years or more is entitled to gratuity amount of 15 days salary (15/26 last drawn basic salary plus dearness allowance) for each completed year for five year or more subject to maximum of Rs. 20 lakhs on superannuation, resignation, termination, disablement or death.

The liability in respect of gratuity and other post-employment benefits is calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method and spread over the period during which the benefit is expected to be derived from employees' services.

Re-measurement of defined benefit plans in respect of post-employment are charged to the Other Comprehensive Income.

L. Revenue recognition

The Company earns revenue primarily from providing contract testing and analytical services.

Revenue is recognised applying the 5 step approach.

- Identifying contract with customer as a first step.
- Having identified a contract, the entity next identifies the performance obligations with that contract. A performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer either a good or service or a bundle of goods or services, that are distinct.

- Third step in the model is to determine the transaction price and then as fourth step, such transaction price needs to be allocated to the performance obligation identified in step 2.
- In accordance with this Standard, entity is required to recognize revenue when the entity satisfies the performance obligation.

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which the Company expects to receive in exchange for those services. Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for volume discounts, service level credits, performance bonuses, price concessions and incentives, if any, as specified in the contract with the customer. Revenue also excludes taxes collected from customers. Invoices are payable within contractually agreed credit period.

Dividend income is recorded when the right to receive payment is established. Interest income is recognized using the effective interest method.

M. Financial instruments

i) Financial Assets

A. Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition. Purchase and sale of financial assets are recognized using trade date accounting.

B. Subsequent measurement

Financial assets carried at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset not classified as either amortized cost or FVOCI, is classified as FVTPL.

C. Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies the expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset.

For this purpose, the Company follows a 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on the trade receivable balances. The application of this simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analyzed

ii) Financial Liabilities

A. Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognized at fair value and in case of loans, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as finance cost.

B. Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the Balance Sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

C. Derecognition of financial instruments

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109. A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognised from the Company's Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

N. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for events of bonus issue; bonus element in a right issue to existing shareholders.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

O. Dividend Distribution:

Dividend distribution to the shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders.

P. Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

Q. Cost recognition

Costs and expenses are recognized when incurred and have been classified according to their nature. The costs of the Company are broadly categorized in employee benefit expenses, cost of raw materials consumed, depreciation and amortization expense and other expenses. Employee benefit expenses include Salaries & wages, bonus to employees, incentives and allowances, contributions to provident fund and other funds and staff welfare expenses. Other expenses mainly include laboratory expenses, power & fuel expenses, Testing charges, Repairs & maintenance expenses, rent charges, professional charges, business promotion and advertisement expenses & several other expenses. (Refer Note: 28 for details)

R. Investment Property

As per Ind AS 40 "INVESTMENT PROPERTY", Investment property is property (land or a building—or part of a building—or both) held (by the owner or by the lessee under a finance lease) to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Therefore, an investment property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by an entity. This distinguishes investment property from owner-occupied property. The production or supply of goods or services (or the use of property for administrative purposes) generates cash flows that are attributable not only to property, but also to other assets used in the production or supply process.

Investment property shall be recognised as an asset when and only when:

- it is probable that the future economic benefits that are associated with the investment property will flow to the entity; and
- the cost of the investment property can be measured reliably.

Reclassification to investment property

When the use of a property changes from owner occupied to investment property, the property is reclassified as investment property as it's carrying amount on the date of reclassification.

As per Ind AS 40 "Investment Property", Transfers to, or from, investment property shall be made when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by:

- commencement of owner-occupation, for a transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property;
- commencement of development with a view to sale, for a transfer from investment property to inventories;
- end of owner-occupation, for a transfer from owner-occupied property to investment property; or
- commencement of an operating lease to another party, for a transfer from inventories to investment property.

However, There is no investment property in the company.

S. Segment reporting

The Company's main business is testing & analysis. There is no separate reportable segment as per Ind AS 108.

T. Actuarial Valuation

The determination of company liability towards defined benefit obligation to Employees is made through Independent Actuarial Valuation including determination of amount to be recognized in the Statement of Profit & Loss & in other Comprehensive Income. Such valuation depend upon assumption determined after taking into account interim, seniority, promotions and other relevant factors such as Supply & Demand Factor in the Employment Market. Information about such valuation is provided in notes to the Financial Statements.

U. Utility Deposit

Utility deposits are shown at cost.

V. Recent Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)

New standards/amendments that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted: Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") through Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2019 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2019 notifies new standard or amendments to the standards. There is no such new notification which would be applicable from April 1, 2020.

NOTE "2"

Property, Plant & Equipment

Description	GROSS BLOCK			As at 31-03-2020	DEPRECIATION			NET BLOCK	
	As at 01-04-2019	Additions	Deductions		As at 01-04-2019	For the Year	Deductions	As at 31-03-2020	As at 31-03-2019
Tangible Assets :									
Free Hold Land	₹ 30,926,734	₹ 10,935,000	₹ -	₹ 41,861,734	₹ -	₹ -	₹ -	₹ 41,861,734	₹ 30,926,734
Buildings	₹ 36,538,261	₹ 5,359,602	₹ 1,969,827	₹ 39,928,036	₹ 5,503,103	₹ 1,962,114	₹ 344,330	₹ 32,807,149	₹ 31,035,158
Furniture, fittings and equipments	₹ 43,056,883	₹ 15,520,132	₹ 8,662,381	₹ 49,914,634	₹ 14,061,065	₹ 5,185,982	₹ 3,538,918	₹ 15,708,129	₹ 28,995,818
Plant and Machinery	₹ 260,268,720	₹ 15,423,283	₹ 10,621,518	₹ 265,070,485	₹ 62,923,302	₹ 27,363,296	₹ 3,104,385	₹ 87,182,213	₹ 197,345,418
Computers	₹ 11,984,707	₹ 1,086,428	₹ 3,006,062	₹ 10,065,073	₹ 5,342,906	₹ 2,273,283	₹ 2,992,421	₹ 4,623,768	₹ 6,641,801
Motor Vehicles	₹ 18,289,385	₹ 540,211	₹ 133,373	₹ 18,696,223	₹ 4,388,841	₹ 2,024,099	₹ 133,373	₹ 6,279,567	₹ 13,900,544
Total (A)	₹ 401,064,690	₹ 48,864,656	₹ 24,393,161	₹ 425,536,185	₹ 92,219,217	₹ 38,808,774	₹ 10,113,427	₹ 120,914,564	₹ 308,845,473
Leased Assets:									
Leasehold Land	₹ 5,330,200	₹ -	₹ -	₹ 5,330,200	₹ -	₹ -	₹ -	₹ 5,330,200	₹ 5,330,200
Total (B)	₹ 5,330,200	₹ -	₹ -	₹ 5,330,200	₹ -	₹ -	₹ -	₹ 5,330,200	₹ 5,330,200
Total	₹ 406,394,890	₹ 48,864,656	₹ 24,393,161	₹ 430,866,385	₹ 92,219,217	₹ 38,808,774	₹ 10,113,427	₹ 120,914,564	₹ 314,175,673
NOTE "3"									
Capital Work in Progress									
CAPITAL WIP	₹ 32,261,753	₹ 125,920,460	₹ 27,594,269	₹ 130,587,944	₹ -	₹ -	₹ -	₹ 130,587,944	₹ 32,261,753
Total	₹ 32,261,753	₹ 125,920,460	₹ 27,594,269	₹ 130,587,944	₹ -	₹ -	₹ -	₹ 130,587,944	₹ 32,261,753
NOTE "4"									
Right to use assets									
Right to use Assets	₹ 30,933,234	₹ 2,938,030	₹ 9,698,477	₹ 24,172,787	₹ -	₹ 4,733,794	₹ -	₹ 4,733,794	₹ 30,933,234
Total	₹ 30,933,234	₹ 2,938,030	₹ 9,698,477	₹ 24,172,787	₹ -	₹ 4,733,794	₹ -	₹ 4,733,794	₹ 30,933,234
NOTE "5"									
Intangible Assets									
Computer Software	₹ 7,506,423	₹ 528,146	₹ 3,713,949	₹ 4,320,620	₹ 4,543,798	₹ 2,091,947	₹ 3,726,070	₹ 2,909,675	₹ 2,962,625
Total	₹ 7,506,423	₹ 528,146	₹ 3,713,949	₹ 4,320,620	₹ 4,543,798	₹ 2,091,947	₹ 3,726,070	₹ 2,909,675	₹ 2,962,625

New standards/amendments that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted: Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") through Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2019 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2019 notifies new standard or amendments to the standards. There is no such new notification which would be applicable from April 1, 2020.

NOTE "06"**Other Financial Assets**

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020		As at 31st March, 2019	
	Non-Current	Current	Non-Current	Current
(a) Related Parties	-	-	-	-
(b) Others- considered good	2,432,442	2,077,608	3,215,991	1,078,148
(c) Balances with banks in deposit accounts: with more than & less than 12 months maturity	2,735,000	10,000	1,600,000	360,000
(d) Interest accrued on above	208,775	1,834	7,750	32,915
Total	5,376,217	2,089,442	4,823,741	1,471,063

NOTE "07"**Deferred tax liabilities/Assets (Net)****Component of Deferred Tax Liabilities/Assets as at 31st March 2020 is as follows:**

The movement on the deferred tax account is as follows:

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Deferred Tax Liability		
Related to Fixed Assets	5,405,229	8,851,949
Deferred Tax Assets		
Disallowances under the Income Tax Act	4,673,007	3,493,040
Others	14,526,565	1,417,138
Net Deferred Tax Liability/ assets	-13,794,343	3,941,771
At the start of the year	3,941,771	4,267,358
Charge/(credit) to Statement of Profit and Loss	-17,736,114	-325,587
At the end of year	-13,794,343	3,941,771

NOTE "08"**Other Non-current assets**

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
(Unsecured and Considered Good)		
Capital Advances	3,000,000	3,000,000
Advances other than capital advances		
Prepayments & others	764,946	1,485,572
Other Advances	300,000	800,000
Total	4,064,946	5,285,572

NOTE "09"**Inventories**

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Raw materials	1,224,091	3,806,527
Stores and spares	546,323	248,619
Total	1,770,414	4,055,146

NOTE "9.1"

Inventories are valued at cost or net realisable value, whichever is lower. The cost formulas used are FIFO. The cost of inventories comprises all cost of purchase including duties and taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from the taxing authorities), conversion cost and other costs incurred in purchase including duties and taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from the taxing authorities), conversion cost and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

NOTE "10"**Trade receivables**

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
a) Unsecured Considered Good	69,887,478	87,917,813
b) Considered Doubtful	290,397	163,641
Less: Provision for doubtful debt	-290,397	-163,641
Total	69,887,478	87,917,813

NOTE "10.1"

Amount of total debtors Rs. 92.36 Lacs (P.Y. Rs. 137.77) represents balance which is due for more than 180 days and Rs. 606.51 Lacs (P.Y. Rs. 741.41 Lacs) represents balance which is due for less than 180 days.

NOTE "10.2"

Debts due by directors or other officers of the Company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other persons or debts due by firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member as on 31 March 2020-NIL (31.3.2019-NIL)

NOTE "11"**Cash and Cash equivalents**

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
a) Cash & Cash Equivalents		
Cash on Hand	706,191	696,171
b) Unrestricted Balance with bank :		
In Current accounts	3,549,413	1,568,850
c) Other Balances with banks		
In deposit accounts	2,745,000	1,960,000
Less: Amount disclosed under "Other financial assets"	-2,745,000	-1,960,000
Total	4,255,604	2,265,021

NOTE "12"**Other Current Assets**

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Prepayments	3,726,835	3,608,383
Advance to staff	135,172	736,471
GST Advance & unutilised inputs Credit	7,522,734	2,821,040
Other Advances	173,481	1,302,052
Income Tax Deducted at Source(net of provisions)	22,407,010	16,805,200
Income Tax Refundable (earlier years)	43,879,193	38,767,842
Advance to suppliers	9,601,506	3,259,911
Total	87,445,929	67,300,898

NOTE "13"**Equity Share capital**

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020		As at 31st March, 2019	
	Units	Amount	Units	Amount
SHARE CAPITAL				
Authorised Share Capital:				
Equity Shares of Rs 10 each	12000000	120,000,000	12000000	120,000,000
Preference share capital of Rs 10 each	3000000	30,000,000	3000000	30,000,000
Total	15000000	150,000,000	15000000	150,000,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up:				
Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up	6965263	69,652,630	6965263	69,652,630
Total	6,965,263.00	69,652,630	6,965,263.00	69,652,630

NOTE "13.1"

Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares :

Name of Shareholder	As at 31st March, 2020		As at 31st March, 2019	
	No. of Shares	% held	No. of Shares	% held
Sunil Choksi	523192	7.51%	523192	7.51%
Vyangesh Choksi	447099	6.42%	447099	6.42%
Dhansukh bhai Gulabdas Choksi HUF	400000	5.74%	400000	5.74%

NOTE "13.2"

The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the year end is set out below :

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
	No. of Shares	No. of Shares
Equity Shares at the beginning of the year	6965263	6965263
Add: Shares issued during the year	0	0
Equity Shares at the end of the year	6,965,263	6,965,263

NOTE "13.3"**Terms/ Rights attached to equity shares :**

The Company has only one class of shares i.e. equity shares with equal rights for dividend and repayment. Each holder of the shares is entitled to one vote per share. Dividend on equity shares whenever proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

NOTE "14"**Other Equity**

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Capital Reserve		
As per last Balance Sheet	2,005,500	2,005,500
Less: Transferred to retained earnings	-	-
Total (A)	2,005,500	2,005,500
Security Premium Reserve		
As per last Balance Sheet	13,510,478	13,510,478
Less: Transferred to retained earnings	-	-
Total (B)	13,510,478	13,510,478
Retained Earnings		
As per last Balance Sheet	155,689,167	139,646,851
Add: Loss for the year	-38,848,877	16,002,444
Less : Transition effect of Ind As -116	-6,29,095	
Add/(Less): Prior Period adjustments	-	39,873
	116,211,194	155,689,167
Less: Appropriations		
Transfer to General reserve	-	-
Total (C)	116,211,194	155,689,167
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		
As per last Balance Sheet	-765,887	-853,604
Add: Movement in OCI (Net) during the year	1,589,830	87,717
Total (D)	823,943	-765,887
Total (A) +(B) +(C) + (D)	132,551,115	170,439,258

Notes :

- Securities Premium represents the Premium on issue of Shares. The same will be utilized in accordance with the Provision of Sec. 52 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- Retained earnings represent the Profit of the Company has earned till date less any dividend or other distribution to the Shareholders.

NOTE "15"**Borrowings****Non-current borrowings**

Particulars	Maturity date	Terms of repayment	Coupon/ Interest rate	31.03.2020	31.03.2019
Secured Loan From Banks :					
Bank of India TL (2)	31st Mar 2020	Principle Repay in FY 19-20 2144599/- & FY 20-21_248471/- However the said loan has been fully repaid during the F.Y. 2019-20	10.2% p.a.	0.00	2,393,070
Bank of India TL (4)	31st May 2021	Principle Repay in FY 19-20 5000004/- & FY 20-21_5000004/- & FY 21-22_833318/- However the said loan has been fully repaid during the F.Y. 2019-20	11.15% p.a.	0.00	10,833,326
Bank of India TL (5)	31st Dec 2024	Principle Repay in FY 19-20 1142857.20 & FY 20-21_1142857.20 & FY 21-22_1142857.20 & FY 22-23_1142857.20 & FY 23-24_1142857.20 & FY 24-25_952381/- However the said loan has been fully repaid during the F.Y. 2019-20	11.15% p.a.	0.00	6,336,035
Bank of India OD (1)_0018	30th Sept 2026	Principle Repay in FY 20-21_2377000/- & FY 21-22_3216000/- & FY 22-23_3216000/- & FY 23-24_3216000/- & FY 24-25_3216000/-, & FY 25-26_3216000/-, & FY 26-27_804000/-	11.15% p.a.	19128227	-
Bank of India OD (2)_0019	31st Mar 2027	Principle Repay in FY 20-21_700000/- & FY 21-22_3216000/- & FY 22-23_3216000/- & FY 23-24_3216000/- & FY 24-25_3216000/-, & FY 25-26_3216000/-, & FY 26-27_3220000/-	11.15% p.a.	19899912	-
State Bank of India Drop Line OverDraft- (I) 8789	30th Sept 2033	Dropline OD (Working Capital), Limit is for the period of 180 Months with equated monthly reduction of Rs. 100000/- for first 60 months and 283334/- for next 120 months. Regular transaction are permitted upto the available drawing power.	10.35% p.a.	34704857	38,467,303
State Bank of India Drop Line OverDraft- (II) 9029	30th Sept 2033	Dropline OD for Capex, Limit is for the period of 180 Months with equated monthly reduction of Rs. 100000/- for first 60 months and 533334/- for next 120 months. Regular transaction are permitted upto the available drawing power.	10.10% p.a.	67462207	68,492,424
SBI ABL (8725)	30th June 2034	Dropline OD for Capex, Limit is for the period of 180 Months with equated monthly reduction of Rs. 100000/- for first 80 months and 200000/- for next 88 months and Rs. 300000/- for next 12 months. Regular transaction are permitted upto the available drawing power.	9.20% p.a.	27239992	-
SBI TL (7011)	28th Feb 2027	Principle Repay in FY 20-21_4200000/- & FY 21-22_8600000/- & FY 22-23_11000000/- & FY 23-24_13400000/- & FY 24-25_17200000/-, & FY 25-26_23400000/-, & FY 26-27_29200000/-	10.20% p.a.	101443390	-
Secured Vehicle Loan :					
HDFC Bank (Honda Amaze) 22nd Jul 2023		Principle Repay in FY 19-20 Rs. 108601/-, FY 20-21 Rs. 119610/-, FY 21-22 Rs. 131739/-, FY 22-23 Rs. 145095/-, FY 23-24 Rs. 38893/-	9.25% p.a.	435338	543,938

Daimler Finance Service (Mercedes-Benz)	07th Jun 2021	Principle Repay in FY 19-20 Rs. 1623558/-, FY 20-21 Rs. 1760689/-, FY 21-22 Rs. 461170/-	7.88% p.a.	2221859	3,845,417
State Bank of India (Mahindra Bolero)	26th Aug 2020	Principle Repay in FY 19-20 Rs. 452851/-, FY 20-21 Rs. 201279/-	9.30% p.a.	155119	654,130

Secured Term Loans From NBFC :

Reliance Commercial Finance Limited (I)	15th Oct 2021	Principle Repay in FY 19-20_292244/- & FY 20-21_338761/- & FY 21-22_221639/-	14.85% p.a.	560400	852,644
Reliance Commercial Finance Limited (II)	15th Oct 2021	Principle Repay in FY 19-20_961894/- & FY 20-21_1115002/- & FY 21-22_729541/-	14.85% p.a.	1844543	2,806,438
Reliance Commercial Finance Limited (III)	15th Oct 2021	Principle Repay in FY 19-20_1658808/- & FY 20-21_1922845/- & FY 21-22_1258077/-	14.85% p.a.	3369931	4,839,730
Reliance Commercial Finance Limited (IV)	15th Oct 2021	Principle Repay in FY 19-20_152490/- & FY 20-21_176764/- & FY 21-22_115639/-	14.85% p.a.	292403	444,893

Others : From Related parties : Directors

Mr. Sunil Choksi	Long Term	One time	Nil	9775000	14,075,000
Mrs. Stela Choksi	Long Term	One time	Nil	1400000.00	1,400,000

Total non-current borrowings **289933177.76** **155,984,349**

Less: Current maturities of long-term debt (included in note 16) **16369337.94** **15,937,906**

Non-current borrowings (as per balance sheet) **273563839.82** **140,046,442**

Bank of India:

Dropline OD-I & II are clean OD Limit with Collateral Security of EQM of Leasehold land and building from GIDC, Makarpura, situated at Shed no. C-1/B/829, in G.I.D.C. Industrial estate, RS No. 671/P, 672/P & 683/P, Village Mouze- makarpura, taluka Dist. Vadodara, Gujarat.

The above Dropline OD I & II are also secured by personal guarantee of the Directors Shri Sunil Choksi, Shri Vyangesh Choksi & Smt. Stela Choksi.

SBI Dropline OD, SBI ABL & SBI term Loan :

These facilities are secured by :

- 1) Equitable Mortgage of freehold land admeasuring 12616 sq. ft. and building constructed thereon, situated at 6/3, Manoramaganj, Indore. This property belongs to the Director Shri Sunil Choksi.
- 2) Equitable Mortgage of Freehold land admeasuring 5005 Sq.ft. and building constructed thereon, situated at 4/3, Manoramaganj, Indore. This property belongs to the Company.
- 3) Equitable Mortgage of Commercial office situated at D-4145, Oberoi Garden estate, Goregaon (east), Mumbai
- 4) Equitable Mortgage of commercial Plot bearing survey No. 9/1, situated at P.H.36, village Kumedi, tehsil sanwer admeasuring area of 56995 Sq.ft.
- 5) Commercial Buildings/ Laboratories and other assets proposed to be constructed/ created on commercial land mentioned in Point No. 4
- 6) Collateral Security of Commercial land and Building bearing Survey No. 166 situated at Plot No. C-18 & C-20, Phase 1A, Verna Industrial Estate, Goa admeasuring total area of 2188 sq mtrs.
- 7) Collateral Security of exclusive charge over all the free hold equipment/ machinery placed in Indore, Goa, Panchkula, baroda branches (other than assets specifically charged to other banks)
- 8) Collateral Security of FDR of Rs. 7.50 lacs in SBI.

The above Credit facilities from SBI are also secured by irrevocable and unconditional personal guarantee of the Directors Shri Sunil Choksi, Shri Vyangesh Choksi & Smt. Stela Choksi.

NBFC Loans :

The Term Loan from Reliance Commercial Finance Ltd. Is secured against Lab Instruments which were purchased against the Loan. The same is also secured by personal guarantee of the Director Mr. Vyangesh Choksi

All unsecured Term Loans from other NBFC's are also personally guaranteed by the director Mr. Vyangesh Choksi

There are no defaults as on the Balance Sheet date in repayment of the above loans and interest thereon

NOTE "16"**Other Financial Liabilities****"Other Financial Liabilities measured at Amortization Cost"**

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020		As at 31st March, 2019	
	Current	Non- Current	Current	Non- Current
Current maturities of Long Term Debt (Refer Note 15)	16,369,338	-	15,937,906	-
Lease Obligation	1,616,035	19,065,829	3,374,532	27,558,702
Total	17,985,373	19,065,829	19,312,438	27,558,702

NOTE "17"**Provisions**

Particulars	As at 31st March,2020	As at 31st March,2019
PROVISIONS NON CURRENT		
Provision for Employee Benefit		
Provision for Gratuity	10,445,645	7,054,036
Total	10,445,645	7,054,036

NOTE "18"**Borrowings**

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
BORROWING - CURRENT		
Secured - At Amortised Cost		
Working Capital Loans		
From Banks *		
Cash Credit from Bank of India	24,886,181	-
Overdraft from Bank of India	-	11,151,888
Unsecured Loans		
	-	-
Total	24,886,181	11,151,888

NOTE "18.1"

Cash Credit from Bank of India is sanctioned for Rs.250 Lakhs and is secured by hypothecation of all book debts and other chargeable assets (wherever situated) of the company and with a collateral security of Leasehold land & Building at Vadodara. The said cash credit is also personally guaranteed by the directors Mr. Sunil Choksi, Mrs. Stela Choksi & Mr. Vyangesh Choksi.

NOTE "18.2"

Overdraft from Bank of India is sanctioned for Rs.120 Lakhs against primary Security of land at Kumedi & is also personally guaranteed by the directors Mr. Sunil Choksi, Mrs. Stela Choksi & Mr. Vyangesh Choksi. However the said OD is fully repaid and closed as on the Balance Sheet Date.

There are no defaults as on the Balance Sheet date in repayment of the above loans and interest thereon.

NOTE "19"**Trade Payables**

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	596,875	985,986
Others (Other than MSME)	63,642,035	70,513,670
Trade payables to related parties	-	-
Total	64,238,910	71,499,656

NOTE "20"**Provisions**

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
PROVISIONS - CURRENT		
Provisions for Employee Benefits	21,146,273	20,966,932
Other Provisions	2,553,488	2,142,742
Total	23,699,761	23,109,674

NOTE "21"**Other Current Liabilities**

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Credit balances of staff	528,849	1,330,355
Credit balances of others	20,192	203,874
Advance payment from Customers	5,157,788	5,007,084
Statutory tax payables	8,277,965	3,144,732
Total	13,984,794	9,686,045

Note:- Out of the total amount representing the credit balances of debtors i.e. advance payment received from customer as at 31.03.2020, Rs. 5.86 Lakhs (P.Y. Rs.4.60 Lakhs) represents the balance which is due for more than 180 days and Rs. 45.72 Lakhs (P.Y. Rs.45.47 Lakhs) represents balance which is due for less than 180 days.

NOTE "22"**Supply of Services**

Particulars	2019-20 Amount	2018-19 Amount
Rendering of services	281,589,941	337,458,478
Other operating revenues	991	4,600
Total	281,590,932	337,463,078

NOTE "23"**Other Income**

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Interest Received	215,556	105,362
Interest on Income Tax Refund	2,490,721	14,971
Interest income from financial assets (mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss)	163,092	2,247,434
Total	2,869,369	2,367,767

NOTE "24"**Other gain/(loss)**

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Net gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	7,217
Net foreign exchange gain	7,514	82,415
Prior Period Income	410,825	-
Total	418,340	89,632

NOTE "25"**Cost of Material Consumed**

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Raw materials at the beginning of the year	4,055,146	2,894,890
Add: Purchases	30,147,439	40,621,622
Less: Raw materials at the end of the year	1,770,414	4,055,146
Total	32,432,171	39,461,366

NOTE "26"**Employee Benefit Expense**

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Salaries and Wages	100,309,659	98,902,471
Bonus to employees	2,800,700	2,779,700
Exgratia to employees	1,925,282	1,335,169
Administration charges to LIC for Group Gratuity scheme	104,750	113,558
Directors Remuneration	11,420,000	11,760,000
Staff welfare expenses	762,359	662,081
Contribution to Provident Fund and Other Funds	7,930,178	8,183,587
Gratuity	3,133,462	2,762,131
Total	128,386,390	126,498,697

NOTE "26.1"**Contribution to Provident Fund and Other Funds**

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund	6,431,793	6,249,083
Employer's Contribution to ESIC	1,190,864	1,574,912
Employer's Contribution to employee deposit linked insurance scheme	307,521	359,592
Total	7,930,178	8,183,587

NOTE "27"**Finance Costs**

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Interest on Term Loans & Working Capital Loans	22,016,808	13,139,824
Interest and finance charges on financial liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss	1,720,788	2,086,576
Interest to MSME	94,980	38,963
Bank Charges	123,720	269,268
Total	23,956,297	15,534,632
Less: Amount capitalised	5,047,378	162,187
Finance costs expensed in profit or loss	18,908,919	15,372,445

NOTE "28"**Other Expenses**

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Laboratory Expenses	8,247,447	9,161,742
Power & Fuel Charges	7,775,941	7,731,707
Insurance: Instruments & Building	274,009	221,538
Freight / Transportation Charges	252,128	250,479
Testing Charges	3,155,585	3,479,340
NABL/BIS/NPL - Asstt. Charges	704,770	786,948
Training & Certification Charges	56,940	267,637
Repair & Maintenance – Instruments	13,526,149	12,222,430
Repair & Maintenance – Building	2,071,024	1,483,606
Business Promotion & Advertisement Expenses	5,672,948	5,576,769
Commission & Brokerages	1,417,401	4,235,519
Discount Allowed	35,324	70,077
Bad Debts Written Off	2,258,239	3,904,690
Office Maintenance Expenses	4,641,374	4,569,803
Telephone, Internet & Mobile Expenses	1,057,302	986,744
Postage & Courier Charges	1,147,484	1,161,635
Vehicle Running & Maintenance	3,019,733	3,099,085
Computer Expenses	3,857,027	4,536,154
Printing & Stationery Expenses	3,308,565	3,820,299
Books & Periodicals	138,447	146,688
Directors' Sitting Fees	90,000	72,000
Rent Charges	5,248,357	11,528,558
Insurance on Vehicle	312,698	297,368
Insurance on Others	157,272	370,797
Repair & Maintenance Charges	1,387,190	1,960,568
Membership Fees & Subscriptions	98,100	47,750
Placement Expenses	-	32,500
Legal Expenses	134,848	322,613
Professional Charges	7,510,643	10,588,375
Payments to auditors (refer note 49)	200,000	200,000
Rates & Taxes	669,841	701,363
Registration / Filing / Licence Renewal Fees	162,448	359,210
Listing Fees	300,000	295,000
Penalty Charges	13,247	5,602
Provision for Doubtful Debts	290,397	163,641
Donation	63,000	97,000
Travelling Expenses	6,072,755	4,098,325
Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets	7,024,983	-
Total	92,353,618	98,853,560

NOTE "29"**Exceptional Items**

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Professional Charges for US-FDA License	24,306,608	-
Total	24,306,608	-

The exceptional item represents the amount incurred of Rs. 228.33 Lacs (P.Y. - Rs. NIL) towards consultancy charges paid to US Consultant and Rs. 14.74 lacs paid to Indian consultant because company was audited by International Regulatory bodies (US FDA) in Sep 2019. Based on the observation as a precautionary measure Company engaged consultants for submission of remediation plan to the agencies which assisted in early resolution. The expense for the same has been attributed in exceptional item.

NOTE "30"**Tax Expenses**

Particulars	Year Ended 31st March, 2020	Year Ended 31st March, 2019
Income tax recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss		
Current tax on profits for the year	-	7,300,902
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	-	2,788
Excess Provision written back of previous year	-	-
Total Current Tax	-	7,303,690
Deferred tax (Net DTA)	-17,736,114	-358,943
Deferred tax on other comprehensive income (DTL)	-558,589	-33,356
Total deferred tax expenses recognised in the current year	-18,294,703	6,978,103

NOTE "30.1"

The above figure of total deferred tax expenses recognised in the current year is net off of deferred tax on other comprehensive Income i.e., Rs.558589.00 thus deferred tax is Rs. 18294703.00.

NOTE "31"**Earnings Per Equity Share of face value Rs. 10/- each**

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Net Profit after Tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss attributable to Equity Shareholders	-38,848,877	16,002,444
Weighted Average number of Equity Shares used as denominator for calculating Basic EPS	6965263	6965263
Weighted Average Potential Equity Shares	-	-
Total Weighted Average number of Equity Shares used as denominator for calculating Diluted EPS	6965263	6965263
Basic Earnings per Share (Rs.)	-5.58	2.30
Diluted Earnings per Share (Rs.)	-5.58	2.30
Face Value per Equity Share (Rs.)	10	10

32. Employee benefit plans

As per INDAS 19 "Employee benefits", the disclosures as defined are given below:

Defined Contribution Plan

Contribution to Defined Contribution Plans, recognised as expense for the year is as under:

Particulars	F.Y. 2019-20	F.Y. 2018-19
Benefits (Employer's Contribution) to :		
• Provident Fund	6,421,793	6,249,083
• ESIC	1,190,864	15,74,912
• Employee deposit linked insurance scheme	307,521	359,592
Total	7,930,178	8,183,587

Defined Benefit Plan**Gratuity**

The Company's Gratuity Benefit Scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their services in the current and prior period, that benefit is discounted to determine its present value and the fair value of any assets is deducted.

The present values of the obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined, based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method (PUCM) as being defined by Para 57(a), by an independent actuary, which recognizes each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plan are based on the market yields on government securities as at the reporting date.

- Re-measurements of the net defined benefit obligation, which comprises of actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI).
- The Company pays gratuity to the employees whoever has completed five years of service with the Company at the time of resignation/superannuation. The gratuity is paid @15 days salary for every completed year of service as per the Payment of Gratuity Act 1972. The gratuity liability amount is contributed to the approved gratuity fund formed exclusively for gratuity payment to the employees.

(i) Change in Defined Benefit Obligation during the period

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Defined Benefit Obligation, Beginning of Period	14,960,939	12,725,869
Net Current Service Cost	2,421,355	2,100,889
Interest cost on DBO	1,083,962	939,997
Actual Plan Participants' Contributions	-	-
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses	-2,148,419	-90,174
Changes in Foreign Currency exchange rates	-	-
Acquisitions/ Business Combination/Divestiture	-	-
Benefits Paid	-1,088,149	-715,642
Past service cost	-	-
Losses/ (Gains) on Curtailments/ Settlements	-	-
Defined Benefit Obligation, End of Period	15,229,688	14,960,939

(ii) Change in Fair value of Plan Assets during the period

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Fair value of Plan Assets, Beginning of Period	5,059,245	3,677,505
Interest income plan assets	371,855	278,755
Actual Company Contributions	441,092	1,787,728
Actual Plan Participants' Contributions	-	-
Actual taxes paid	-	-

Actual Administrative expenses paid	-	-
Changes in Foreign currency exchange rates	-	-
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses		30,899
Benefits Paid	-1,088,149	-715,642
Acquisitions/ Business Combination/Divestiture	-	-
Assets extinguished on Curtailments/Settlements		
Fair value of Plan Assets, End of Period	4,784,043	5,059,245

(iii) Amount recognized in Statement of Financial Position at the year end

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Present value of Funded Defined Benefit Obligation	15,229,688	14,960,939
Fair value of plan assets	4,784,043	5,059,245
	10,445,645	9,901,694
Present value of Unfunded Defined Benefit Obligation		-
Unrecognized Asset due to the Asset Ceiling		-
Net Defined Benefit (Asset)/liability Recognized in the Statement of Financial Position	10,445,645	9,901,694

(iv) Net Defined Benefit Cost/(Income) included in Statement of Profit & Loss at period end

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Service Cost	2,421,355	2,100,889
Net Interest Cost	712,107	661,242
Past Service Cost		-
Administration Expenses		-
(Gain)/Loss due to Settlements/ Curtailments/ Terminations/ Divestitures		-
Total Defined Benefit Cost/(Income) included in the Profit & Loss	3,133,462	2,762,131

(v) Analysis of amounts Recognized in Other Comprehensive (Income)/Loss at period end

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Amount recognized in OCI, Beginning of Period	(235,547)	(114,474)
Remeasurements due to :		
• Effect of Change in Financial assumptions	(306,789)	159,250
• Effect of Change in Demographic assumptions		(8,166)
• Effect of experience adjustments	(1,841,630)	(241,258)
• (Gain)/Loss on curtailments/ Settlements	-	-
• Return on Plan Assets (excluding interest)	-	(30,899)
• Changes in asset ceiling	-	-
Total remeasurements recognized in OCI	(2,148,419)	(121,073)
Amount recognized in OCI, End of period	(2,383,966)	(235,547)

(vi) Actuary assumptions - Gratuity:

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Date of Valuation	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Discount rate (per annum)	6.46%	7.35%
Salary Escalation rate	7%	7%
Expected rate of Return on assets	N.A.	N.A.
Mortality	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate
Employee Turnover	20%	20%
Retirement age	70 years	70 years

The principal actuarial assumptions considered in the valuation were:

(a) Economic Assumptions:

The discount rate and salary increase rate are the key functional assumptions and should be considered together; it is the difference or 'gap' between these rates which is more important than the individual rates in isolation.

(b) Discount rate:

Ind AS 19 requires that the assumed discount rate is determined by reference to market yields at the balance sheet date on Govt. bonds. The term of the risk free investments has to be consistent with the estimated term of benefit obligations.

(c) Salary Escalation rate:

The salary escalation rate usually consists of at least three components, viz. regular increments, price inflation and promotional increases. In addition to this any commitments by the management regarding future salary increases and the company's philosophy towards employee remuneration are also to be taken into account. Again, a long term view as to the trend in salary escalation rates has to be taken rather than guided by the escalation rates experienced in the immediate past, if they have been influenced by unusual factors.

(d) Attrition rate:

Past experience indicates the current level of attrition. The assumption may incorporate the company's policy towards retention of employees, historical data and industry outlook.

(e) Mortality rate:

We have used Indian Assured lives Mortality Table (IALM) 2012-14, as issued by Institute of Actuaries of India, for the valuation.

(vii) Sensitivity Analysis

Significant Actuarial Assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount rate and salary escalation rate. The sensitivity analysis below, have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. The result of sensitivity analysis is given below:

SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

Defined Benefit obligation-Discount Rate+100 basis Points	(597523)
Defined Benefit obligation-Discount Rate-100 basis Points	641248
Defined Benefit obligation-Salary Escalation Rate+100 basis Points	591787
Defined Benefit obligation- Salary Escalation Rate-100 basis Points	(503272)

33. The management hereby confirms that an amount of Rs. 2388500/- will be deposited before the due date of filing of income tax return to approved LIC Gratuity Fund.

34. Related Party Disclosures

I. Names of related parties and related party relationship

a. Key managerial personnel:

- | | | |
|---------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| 1. Mr. Sunil Kumar Choksi | - | Managing Director |
| 2. Mr. Vyangesh Choksi | - | Chief Financial Officer |
| 3. Mr Sanjay Chourey | - | Company Secretary |
| 4. Mrs. Stela Choksi | - | Whole Time Director |
| 5. Ms. Himika Choksi | - | Whole Time Director |

b. Relatives of key management personnel

- | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| 1. D.G. Choksi HUF | - | Mr. Sunil Kumar Choksi is Karta of HUF |
| 2. Mrs. Khyati Choksi | - | Wife of Mr. Vyangesh Choksi |

TRANSACTIONS DURING THE YEAR WITH RELATED PARTIES

S. NO.	NATURE OF TRANSACTION	KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL	RELATIONS OF KMP	INDEPENDENT & NON-INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS	AMOUNT
1	Purchase of Tangible Assets	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
2	Services Provided	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
3	Services Received	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
4	Rent	(a) Mrs. Stela Choksi (b) Ms. Himika Choksi (c) D.G. Choksi HUF	(a) Whole Time Director (b) Whole Time Director (c) Director is a karta	NIL	Rs.3294500
5	Interest Paid	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
6	Interest Received	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
7	Remuneration	(a) Mr. Sunil Kumar Choksi (b) Mr. Vyangesh Choksi (c) Mrs. Stela Choksi (d) Ms. Himika Choksi	(a) Managing Director (b) Chief Financial Officer (c) Whole Time Director (d) Whole Time Director	NIL	Rs.11420000
8	Unsecured Loans Taken	(a) Mr. Sunil Kumar Choksi (b) Mr. Vyangesh Choksi	(a) Managing Director (b) Chief Financial Officer	NIL	Rs.8800000
9	Unsecured Loans Repaid	(a) Mr. Sunil Kumar Choksi (b) Mr. Vyangesh Choksi	(a) Managing Director (b) Chief Financial Officer	NIL	Rs.13100000
10	Sitting Fees	(a) Mr. Sudarshan Shastri (b) Shri N.k. Mani	(a) Independent Director (b) Independent Director	NIL	Rs.90000
11	Legal & Professional Charges	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
12	Salary	Smt. Khyati Choksi	Director Relative		Rs.480000
13	Deposit for Rented Property	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

II. Transactions/Outstanding balances with related parties during the year (Figures in bracket relates to previous year)

Particulars		Key Management Personnel	Relatives of key management personnel	Independent & non-Independent Directors	Grand Total
A. Transactions during the year					
I) Rent					
D.G. Choksi HUF	31.03.20		330000		330000
	31.03.19		(1136820)		
Smt. Stela Choksi	31.03.20	1619750			1619750
	31.03.19	(1583625)			
Ms. Himika Choksi	31.03.20	1344750			1344750
	31.03.19	(1283625)			
TOTAL (I)					3294500
ii) Remuneration to Key Managerial personnel and their relatives					
Shri Sunil Choksi	31.03.20	3430000			3430000
	31.03.19	(3960000)			

Smt. Stela Choksi	31.03.20	2380000			2380000
	31.03.19	(2580000)			
Shri Vyangesh Choksi	31.03.20	2940000			2940000
	31.03.19	(2640000)			
Ms. Himika Choksi	31.03.20	2670000			2670000
	31.03.19	(2580000)			
Smt. Khyati Choksi	31.03.20		480000		480000
	31.03.19		(480000)		
TOTAL (ii)					11900000
iii) Sitting fees					
Shri Sudarshan Shastri	31.03.20			45000	45000
	31.03.19			(32000)	
Shri N K Mani	31.03.20			45000	45000
	31.03.19			(30000)	
TOTAL (iii)					90000
iv) Loan Taken					
Shri Sunil Choksi	31.03.20	700000			700000
	31.03.19	(2875000)			
Shri Vyangesh Choksi	31.03.20	8100000			8100000
	31.03.19	(300000)			
TOTAL (iv)					8800000
v) Loan Repaid					
Shri Sunil Choksi	31.03.20	5000000			5000000
	31.03.19	(2000000)			
Smt. Stela Choksi	31.03.20	0			0
	31.03.19	(5000000)			
Shri Vyangesh Choksi	31.03.20	8100000			8100000
	31.03.19	(300000)			
TOTAL (v)					13100000
B. Outstanding balances at the year end					
i) Remuneration payable					
Shri Sunil Choksi	31.03.20	4015964			4015964
	31.03.19	(2127868)			
Smt. Stela Choksi	31.03.20	2474262			2474262
	31.03.19	(2323562)			
Ms. Himika Choksi	31.03.20	1240730			1240730
	31.03.19	(907252)			
TOTAL (I)					7730956
ii) Rent payable					
D.G. Choksi HUF	31.03.20	1533785			1533785
	31.03.19	(1236785)			
Smt. Stela Choksi	31.03.20	3085537.50			3085537.50
	31.03.19	(1627762.50)			

Smt. Himika Choksi	31.03.20	2365537.50			2365537.50
	31.03.19	(1155262.50)			
TOTAL (ii)					6984860
iii) Loans					
Shri Sunil Choksi	31.03.20	9775000			9775000
	31.03.19	(14075000)			
Smt. Stela Choksi	31.03.20	1400000			1400000
	31.03.19	(1400000)			
Shri Vyangesh Choksi	31.03.20	0			0
	31.03.19	0			
TOTAL (iii)					11175000

*The remuneration to the key managerial personnel and their relatives does not include the provision made for gratuity and leave benefits, as they are determined on an actuarial basis for the Company as a whole.

35. Contingent Liabilities and Commitments:

Sr.No.	Particulars	As At 2020	As At 2019
1	Contingent Liabilities		
a)	Claim against the Company not acknowledged as Debt (Amount Paid to Statutory Authority)	NIL	NIL
b)	Guarantee		
i)	Guarantee issued by the Bank extended to Third Party and other Guarantee (Rs. In Lacs)	1950000.00	19,59,075.00
ii)	Statutory Letter of Credit issued		
c)	Other Money for which the Company is Contingent Liable	NIL	NIL
i)	Liability in respect of Bills Discounted with Bank (Including Third Party Bills Discounted)	NIL	NIL
ii)	VAT, Excise, Service Tax Appeal for which no provision is considered for not required as the Company is hopeful for successful outcome in the Appeal.	NIL	NIL
2	Commitments		
	Particulars		
A)	Estimated Amount of Contracts remaining to be Executed on Capital Account and not provided for (net of advances Rs. 30,00,000/-)	4200000	4200000
B)	Other Commitment	NIL	NIL

36. Financial Instruments

(a) Capital management

The Company's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company adjusts the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

For the purpose of Company's capital management, Capital includes Issued Equity share capital. Gearing Ratio is ratio of Net debts (total borrowings (long term as well as short term) net of cash & cash equivalents and other bank balances) divided by total equity. . Accordingly, the Company has calculated gearing ratio as at 31 March, 2020 and 31 March, 2019. The gearing ratio is as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2020 (Rs. In lakhs)	March 31, 2019 (Rs. In lakhs)
Net debt	2912.39	1489.32
Total Equity	696.52	696.52
Net debt to equity ratio	4.18	2.14

(b) Financial risk management objective and policies:

This section gives an overview of the significance of financial instruments for the Company and provides additional information on the balance sheet. Details of significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability are disclosed in Note 1

Financial assets and liabilities: The accounting classification of each category of financial instruments, and their carrying amounts, are set out below:

As at 31 March, 2020

Financial assets	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised		
			cost	Total	Carrying value
Trade receivables	0.00	0.00	69887478.37	69887478.37	69887478.37
Cash and cash equivalents	0.00	0.00	4255604.08	4255604.08	4255604.08
Other financial assets	0.00	0.00	7465659.00	7465659.00	7465659.00
TOTAL	0.00	0.00	81608741.45	81608741.45	81608741.45

Financial Liabilities	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised		
			cost	Total	Carrying value
Trade Payables	0.00	0.00	64238909.86	64238909.86	64238909.86
Borrowings	22016807.85	0.00	0.00	22016807.85	289933177.76
Other Financial Liabilities	0.00	0.00	37051201.22	37051201.22	37051201.22
TOTAL	22016807.85	0.00	101290111.08	123306918.93	391223288.84

As at 31 March, 2019

Financial assets	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised		
			cost	Total	Carrying value
Trade receivables	0.00	0.00	87917812.99	87917812.99	87917812.99
Cash and cash equivalents	0.00	0.00	2265020.71	2265020.71	2265020.71
Other financial assets	0.00	0.00	6294804.00	6294804.00	6294804.00
TOTAL	0.00	0.00	96477637.70	96477637.70	96477637.70

Financial Liabilities	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised		
			cost	Total	Carrying value
Trade Payables	0.00	0.00	71499656.05	71499656.05	71499656.05
Borrowings	15372444.61	0.00	0.00	15372444.61	155984348.58
Other Financial Liabilities	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	46871140.20
TOTAL	15372444.61	0.00	71499656.05	86872100.66	274355144.83

(c) Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value

Management considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the Financial Statements

(d) Defaults and breaches

There is no default in loans payable recognized at the end of the reporting period.

(e) Risk management framework

The Company's business is subject to several risks and uncertainties including financial risks. The Company's documented risk management policies act as an effective tool in mitigating the various financial risks to which the business is exposed to in

the course of their daily operations. The risk management policies cover areas such as liquidity risk, interest rate risk, counter party and concentration of credit risk and capital management. Risks are identified through a formal risk management programme with active involvement of senior management personnel and business managers. The Company's risk management process is in line with the corporate policy. Each significant risk has a designated 'owner' within the Company at an appropriate senior level. The potential financial impact of the risk and its likelihood of a negative outcome are regularly updated.

The risk management process is coordinated by the Management Assurance function and is regularly reviewed by the Company's Audit Committee. The overall internal control environment and risk management programme including financial risk management is reviewed by the Audit Committee on behalf of the board. The risk management framework aims to:

- improve financial risk awareness and risk transparency
- identify, control and monitor key risks
- identify risk accumulations
- provide management with reliable information on the Company's risk situation
- improve financial returns

Treasury management

The Company's treasury function provides services to the business, co-ordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company through internal risk reports which analyses exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

Treasury management focuses on capital protection, liquidity maintenance and yield maximization.

Financial risk

The Company's Board of Directors approves financial risk policies comprising liquidity, foreign currency, interest rate and counterparty credit risk. The Company does not engage in the speculative treasury activity but seeks to manage risk and optimise interest through proven financial instruments.

(i) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that counter party will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counter parties as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Company is exposed to credit risk for receivables, cash and cash equivalents, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents, investments and loans.

Regarding trade and other receivables, the Company has accounted for impairment based on expected credit losses method as at 31 March, 2020 and 31 March, 2019 based on expected probability of default.

Deposits are with government departments and with lessor so chances of default are very minimal.

For short-term loans and advances, counter party limits are in place to limit the amount of credit exposure to any one counter party.

None of the Company's cash equivalents are past due or impaired.

(ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the Company's inability to meet its cash flow commitments on time. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient stock of cash and marketable securities. The Company maintains adequate cash and cash equivalents along with the need based credit limits to meet the liquidity needs.

37. Leases

Effective April 1, 2019, the Company has adopted Ind AS 116 "Leases" to its leases using the modified retrospective approach with the option to measure the right to use asset at an amount equal to the lease liability (i.e. as per para C8(c) (ii) of Ind AS 116), adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to that lease recognised in the balance sheet immediately before the date of initial application. The Company has applied the new standard to land leases and building leases etc. to evaluate whether these contracts contains lease or not. Based on evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, the Company has evaluated such arrangements to be leases. Under the new standard, all lease contracts, with limited exceptions, are recognised in the financial statements by way of right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities. When measuring lease liabilities, the interest rate implicit in lease is used to calculate the lease liability as mentioned in the lease agreement. The application of the new standard has a significant impact on the classification of expenditure and cash flow statement. It has impacted the timing of expenses recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Expenses were previously recognized as rental expense and for the current period rental expense is

being replaced by depreciation charge on right-of-use asset amounting to 4733794.00 which is included under depreciation and amortization expense in statement of profit and loss and finance cost on lease liability amounting to Rs. 1720788.00. The Company recognized a lease liability measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments. The right-of-use assets are recognized at cost, which comprises the amount of the measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the inception date of the lease. Accordingly, a right-of-use asset of Rs. 3,09,33,234 and a corresponding lease liability of Rs. 3,09,33,234 has been recognized.

Payment recognised as an expense:		(Rs. In lakhs)
Particulars		As at 31 March, 2020
(i) Short term lease		—
(ii) Low value assets		—
Total		

Details of lease liability:

The following is the movement in lease liabilities during the year ended 31 March, 2020:		(Rs. In lakhs)
Particulars		Year ended 31 March, 2020
Balance as at 1 April, 2019		30933234.00
Transition impact of Ind AS 116		
Additions		3575434.00
Payment/adjustment of lease liabilities		(13826804.00)
Derecognition of lease liability		
Balance as at 31 March, 2020		20681864.00
Current		1616035.00
Non-current		19065829.00
Finance cost accrued during the period		1720788.00

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of lease liabilities as at 31 March, 2020 on undiscounted basis:

		(Rs. In lakhs)
Particulars		As at 31 March, 2020
Less than one year		1616035.00
One to five years		105138390.91
More than five years		10171952.21
Total		22301818.12

Details of right-of-use asset:

The following is the movement in right-of-use asset during the year ended 31 March, 2020:		(Rs. In lakhs)
Particulars	Land	Buildings
As at 1 April , 2019		30933234
Transition impact of Ind AS 116		
Additions		2938030
Deletions		(9698477)
Amortisation expense		(4733794)
As at 31 March, 2020		19438993

38. Disclosure as per Ind as- 105: Noncurrent assets held for sale and discontinued operations:

During the year Bangalore unit has discontinued its operations. The loss of discontinued operations is Rs. (10335179.00) which is represent as under:

PARTICULARS	AMOUNT (IN RS.)
1. Legal expenses	500.00
2. office Maintenance & General Expenses	5471.00
3. Professional Charges	15000.00
4. Rent Charges	1681475.00
5. Telephone, mobile & lease line expenses	3252.00
6. Travelling Expenses	3100.00
7. Depreciation a/c	3656126.00
8. Loss on sale of Fixed Assets	4970255.00
TOTAL	10335179.00

All above amounts are merged in the respective expenses classified under “other expenses” of statement of profit and loss

39. Segmental Reporting:

The company's engaged in the sole segment of Analysis and Testing. Therefore, no separate segments within the Company as defined by Ind AS-108 (Operating Segments)

40. During the year, Borrowing Costs amounting of Rs. 5047378/- has been Capitalized to Fixed assets.

41. Disclosure in terms of Accounting Standard “Impairment Losses”:

Particulars	31.3.2020	31.3.2019
i) Amount of impairment Losses recognized in the Profit & Loss A/c	Nil	Nil
ii) Amount of reversal of impairment losses recognized in the Profit & Loss A/c	Nil	Nil
iii) Amount of impairment losses recognized directly against revaluation surplus	Nil	Nil
iv) Amount of reversals of impairment losses recognized directly in revaluation surplus	Nil	Nil

42. The Balance Confirmation from the suppliers, customers as well as to various loans or advances given have been called for but the same are awaited till the date of Audit. Thus the balances of receivable, Trade Payable as well as Loan & Advances have been taken as per Books of Accounts submitted by the Company and are subject to confirmation from the respective Parties.

43. The Company has no subsidiary. Hence requirement of Consolidated Financial Statement is not applicable to the Company.

44. In the opinion of the Board Current Assets, Loans & Advances are approximately of the value stated, if realized in the ordinary course of business. The provision for Depreciation and all known liability are adequate. There is no Contingent liability other than stated.

45. The previous year figures have been regrouped/ reclassified, wherever necessary to conform to current year presentation.

46. Details of Dues To Micro And Small Enterprises As Defined Under The Micro, Small And Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006:

Information as required to be furnished as per section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act) for the year ended March 31, 2020 is given below. This information has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the company

S.No	Particulars	31.03.2020	31.03.2019
1.	Principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier covered under MSMED Act :		
	Principle	13,45,505	9,47,023
	Interest	94,980	38,963
2.	The amount of interest credit by the buyer in terms of section 16, of the MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	1855	-

3.	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under MSMED Act.	-	-
4.	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	132,088	38,963
5.	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of MSMED Act, 2006	37,108	-

47. The advances amounting to Rs. 30,00,000/- under the head non current assets represents the advances given to parties receivable in current year.

48. Disclosure as per INDAS-113, "Fair value measurement", Financial Instrument by category/hierarchy

Particulars	Level of hierarchy	Amount as at 31.03.2020		Amount as at 31.03.2019	
		FVTPL	FVTOCI	FVTPL	FVTOCI
Financial Assets	-	-	-	-	-
Financial Liability	-	-	-	-	-

The carrying amount of Short term borrowing, Trade payables, Trade Receivables, Cash & cash equivalents and other financial assets and liabilities are considered to be recorded at their fair value due to their short term nature. There are no transfer between Level 1, Level 2 & Level 3 during the year ended 31.03.2020.

49. Other disclosures to Statement of Profit & Loss :-

S.No.	Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
1.	Value of Imports on CIF basis in respect of :		
	• Capital Goods	-	4,37,96,089
	• Spare Parts/ Books & Periodicals		-
2.	Payment to Auditors as :		
	• Statutory Audit Fees	1,25,000	1,25,000
	• Quarterly review expenses	25,000	25,000
	• Tax Audit Fees (to Tax auditor)	50,000	50,000
3.	Expenditure in Foreign Currency:		
	• Travelling Expenses	7,83,693	3,09,673
	• Business Promotion	-	42,19,871
	• Consultancy Fees (FOR US-FDA)	2,28,32,608	-
4.	Earnings in Foreign Exchange :		
	• FOB value of Exports	87,65,719	59,93,478

50. Corporate Social Responsibility:

As per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, The company is not liable to spend the specified amount on CSR activities as per the norms. Hence, no separate reporting is required for the same.

51. Subsequent events- (Approval Of Financial Statements & Change in location of registered and corporate office)

The financial statements are approved for issue by the Board of Directors as well as shifting of its registered office from 6/3, Manoramaganj, Indore to **Survey No 9/1, Near Tulsiyana Industrial Park, Gram Kumerdi, Indore- 452010, Madhya Pradesh, India.** in their Board meeting held on 30th July, 2020.

52. Estimation of uncertainties relating to the global health pandemic COVID-19

The company's operations were affected during the quarter ended 31st March, 2020 due to lockdown announced on account of COVID-19 pandemic by the central and state government. Company has continued its operations and compliance of guidelines dated 25.03.2020 issued by the Government of India after seeking necessary permissions and approval and following social distancing,

hygiene and other safety measures. Company has assessed the impact of COVID-19 on its financial statements based on internal and external information up to the date of approval of these financial statements and the company expects to recover the carrying amount of trade receivables and inventories. The company will continue to monitor the future economic conditions and assess its impact on its financial statements.

Moreover the entity's management concludes that no adjustments are required in the financial results as it does not impact the current financial year. However, the situation with COVID-19 is still evolving. Also, the various preventive measures taken are still in force leading to a highly uncertain economic environment. Due to these circumstances the management's assessment of the impact on the subsequent period is dependent upon the circumstances as they evolve.

As per report of even date attached for Subhash Chand Jain Anurag & Associates

For Subhash Chand Jain Anurag & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 004733C

(S.C. Jain)
Partner
M.No.:072062
UDIN:-20072062AAAABO3089

Place : Indore
Date : 30/07/2020

For and on behalf of Board of Directors
CHOKSI LABORATORIES LIMITED
CIN: L85195MP1993PLC007471

Sunil Choksi
(Managing Director)
DIN 00155078

Mrs. Stela Choksi
(Whole time Director)
DIN-00155043

Vyangesh Choksi
(Whole time Director &
Chief financial officer)
DIN-00154926

Sanjay Chourey
(Company Secretary)
M. No. 55253



CHOKSI
LABORATORIES  **LIMITED**

Reg. off. Survey No. 9/1, Tulsiyana Industrial Park, Kumerdi, Indore 452010 (M. P.)